THE SOUTHERN COURIER

him why he and Reese haven't run for

a "big office." "The only thing the

mayor had in mind was to keep Negroes

from getting anything," the minister

not one won. In Lowndes County they ran some, they got nothing. But I'll tell

you--we (in Dallas County) do have one

or two (Negro) policemen, one or two

deputies, a few people working in the

telephone offices, people working as

clerks or cashiers in stores down-

"If my mother were running, I would

vote against her," Reese added, "But

anybody who feels disposed to can vote

for Rev. Anderson--this is not a per-

Besides Lewis, the DCVL recom-

mended the Rev. C. E. Lett, for ward 1.

place 2; Edwin Moss, for ward 3,

place 1; the Rev. L. R. Harrison, for

ward 5, place 1; and Marius J. "Ace"

L. L. Anderson said he is still go-

"We have gone around here for five

years whooping and hollering about Ne-

Anderson, for ward 5, place 2.

ing to run for mayor.

crucify the one who runs."

town."

sonality clash."

"In Wilcox County they ran Negroes,

Judge Godbold Speaks at Auburn

Don't Recognize Right To Break Laws of U.S. DCVL Not Backing Anderson for Mayor 'Don't Recognize Right

BY MARY ELLEN GALE

AUBURN, Ala.--"I do not recognize the right of any citizen to break the laws of the United States," said U. S. Circuit Judge John C. Godbold of Montgomery.

"But in a great many instances, what we define as civil disobedience is not disobedience at all--but the exercise of important and vital rights in a cause which happens to be unpopular."

For example, said Godbold, the Selma - to - Montgomery civil rights march in 1965 was "not disobedience

at all, but compliance with the law." At times, the judge noted, people disobey one law to affirm another--or to test the constitutionality of a law they believe is unjust.

"As a judicial officer of the United States, I cannot accept this procedure as appropriate," said Godbold.

But, he said, he sees a distinction between such law-breakers and people who simply violate the law for private reasons.

There is "a difference, at least, in the quality of the wrong" when a violator still recognizes the "supremacy of the law" and willingly accepts the consequences of his action, the judge said.

Godbold is one of 15 judges on the U. S. Fifth Circuit Court of Appeals, which interprets federal law for six Southern states, including Alabama. He came to Auburn University last Monday to discuss the legal history of the civil rights movement.

Godbold's visit was intended to help prepare the students for this year's Auburn Conference on International Affairs. The three-day conference--to be held Feb. 21-23--will center on "human rights." Civil rights leader Whitney Young, national head of the Urban League, will be one of the main speak-

Judge Godbold told several hundred students and faculty members that the right to peaceful protest is an important

Hall," he said. "To many Americans, this is illegal conduct."

"But it is not illegal because the participants are Negroes, or Negroes and



STUDENT QUESTIONS JUDGE GODBOLD

Viet Nam Soldier Claims Jackson Police Beat Him

JACKSON, Miss.--Robert Wells--a Negro soldier who recently returned from a year in Viet Nam to be treated for malaria -- has charged Jackson policemen with beating him after a minor auto accident.

Wells recalled this week that the incident occurred early Jan. 20, as he was driving his cousin, Miss Claudia Wheaton, back to Tougaloo College, where she is a student. Wells said his car was struck by a newspaper truck, and the police were called.

When Wells tried to explain the accident to the two white officers, he charged, one of them told him, "Wait your turn, boy." Wells said he told the police he was on his way to Tougaloo, gers."

Then, said Wells, he was hit in the stomach, handcuffed, and taken to police headquarters, where he was thrown

Wells said he was beaten until he admitted, "Yes, I'm a smart Tougaloo nigger."

At a hearing Jan. 22, Wells pleaded not guilty to charges of improper passing, resisting arrest, abusive language. assaulting Officer Pace, and assaulting Officer W. B. Inman Jr. Assistant City Attorney Charles Brewer produced eye-witnesses to back up these charges, but the case was continued to last Fri-

On Friday, Wells said he was chang-

"The prosecution, needless to say, it a shame. I fought in Viet Nam, and However, the law and the courts of this have to get treatment like this," He land favor adjustment and settlement said the officer answered, "They should of controversies whenever possible....

SELMA, Ala. -- The all-Negro Dallas County Voters League (DCVL) this week named six candidates to run for City Council seats in the March 5 Democratic primary. But the Rev. L. L. Anderson, a Negro who has qualified as a candidate for mayor, will be running without DCVL backing. "We said in (our) first meeting we would not recommend a Negro for mayor or president of the city council or for ward 1 on the council," the Rev.

> REV. L. L. ANDERSON ple," shouted someone in the audience.

The Rev. P. H. Lewis--the DCVL's candidate for ward 4, place 2 on the council--predicted that Day will notrun for mayor if a Negro enters the con-

"Whatever little we got is because

Negroes sit around a conference table groes in office," he said, "and now we bargaining," said Lewis.

SE Ala. Faces School

TUSKEGEE, Ala. -- A public-school teacher in Tuskegee lost his temper the other day, after his principal said the school would have to "go easy" on heat this winter.

"There's only two good schools in this community -- Macon Academy and St. Joseph's," the teacher said angrily.

And one reason for that, he said, is that all-white Macon Academy and mostly-Negro St. Joseph's Parochial an inch, he'll take a mile. We ain't School are private schools that don't

> The teacher isn't the only person who desperately short of money this year. Last month, 14 school superinten

Alabama became so concerned that they wrote a letter to Governor Lurleen B. Wallace and State Schools Superintendent Ernest Stone.

In the letter, the superintendents said they all face similar problems:

1. The loss of teachers to betterpaying systems nearby--such as Muscogee County (Columbus), Ga.

2. The high cost of busing. "Each county finds it impossible to operate its transportation system on the state allotment," the letter said.

3. Rising wages for non-teaching employees--such as lunchroom workers--who are covered by federal minimum-wage standards.

"We are concerned ... that if there is not immediate relief, we will have our, teachers affiliated with the labor unions rather than with professional organizations," the superintendents wrote.

And they added, "We feel that the public schools of the state are not now getting a proper share of taxes now collected for schools."

Lee County Schools Superintendent Francis Marshall--who wrote the letter--explained what that means.

In recent years, he said, colleges, trade schools, and junior colleges have taken a large bite out of state funds. The elementary and high schools-which used to get 88% of the money-are now getting about 65% of it, Marshall said: "We think it's as low as it

can go." Marshall said he has received a satisfactory reply to his letter from State Schools Superintendent Stone.

"He said that he's familiar with the problems, and will help any way he can," said Marshall. "That's all he can do. He doesn't call the Legislature together."

Marshall's letter was signed by county and city schools superintendents from Bullock, Chambers, Lee, Macon, Randolph, Russell, and Tallapoosa counties.

Although Marshall said the schools' problems haven't reached a crisis yet, one signer -- Macon County Schools Superintendent Joe C. Wilson--said the crisis isn't very far away.

"It's my understanding that it's gonna push some of them (the school systems) to get through this year," Wilson remarked. As for Macon County, he said, "we'll make it by the skin of our teeth--but unless we get some help, I don't know about next year."

One problem, Wilson said, is that "the Legislature didn't put on any additional taxes, but they added all these junior colleges. They raised the teach-(CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO, Col. 2)

Back on ADC

MONTGOMERY, Ala. -- Alabama mothers who were cut off Aid to Dependent Children (ADC) because of the "substitute father" rule must be put back on the welfare rolls, according to an order by U.S. Supreme Court Justice Hugo Black.

Civil rights lawyers here said that mothers who think they lost ADC because of a man in the house should check with their local welfare office.

and Officer O. C. Pace remarked, "So you're one of those smart Tougaloo nigconstitutional guarantee. sentence: "I'm not a nigger," Wells saidhe re-"Suppose 50 people march to City plied. Then, he said, he was hit. has made a strong case which assures The soldier said he told Pace, "Isn't certain conviction on all five charges.

to the pavement and beaten.

day when time ran out.

ing his plea to guilty, on the advice of his lawyer, Clarence Scales. Then, after several conferences, city Police Justice J. L. Spencer announced the

of many people in the meeting who are not DCVL members--asked: "What does running for mayor have to do with running for city council? If the other man (John Day, a white chiropractor who has also qualified for mayor) were to run, this would take some

to more."

suggesting."

votes from the incumbent (Mayor Joseph Smitherman). What is the problem in Negroes supporting a man who is unquestionably qualified?" There are not enough Negroes registered. Kemp replied: "If every Ne-

W. N. Kemp, chairman of the DCVL

nominating committee, told a meeting

"We must keep our word. The first

foundation is to get a Negro sitting on

the city council. Then we can move on

Anderson--who sat on the stage with

the DCVL-backed council candidates--

remarked, "You're suggesting that they

not support me. That's what you are

Then the Rev. Ernest Bradford--one

last Sunday in Brown's Chapel.

gro went downtown to vote on March 5, we would still be 2,000 votes short." Kemp said the Rev. F. D. Reese, chairman of the DCVL, "can go down to City Hall and be heard. But if we put someone up for mayor, then (after the white man wins)he'll say 'You didn't put

"Ain't no use trying to get to the top -- they aiready said if you give a Negro ready to take it over yet--because we have to depend on public funds. ain't got the strength. If we had the power, we'd get him in there. The man has noticed that the public schools are who doesn't want him (Anderson) is the

white man."

(CONTINUED ON PAGE SIX, Col. 1) "City Hall don't belong to white peo- dents from seven counties in Southeast (CONTINUED ON PAGE FIVE, Col. 2) When It's Raining Hard in East Selma, You Can Go Down the Street in a Boat

SELMA, Ala.--"When it rains, you can't even get out the door," said Leon Russell, looking through a window at the sea of mud outside his house. "You know, when it rained last time, I

saw a man go out of his house in a boat. There were four or five boys in there --my boy and some others--and they paddled clear around the corner init," "Water makes so many mosquitoes you can't even set out on the porch in

summer," his wife added. "Makes you sick, all this water standing." Russell, Mrs. Sarah Benjamin, and others asked Mayor Joseph \Smitherman for better streets and sewers more than a year ago. Mrs. Benjamin said the people's petition was never an-

"It's terrible how they do us," she

colored people live--there's no gravel streets in front of that house," even on the street."

"We're going to vote again for mayor this year," Mrs. Benjamin continued. "We're citizens, you know, and we're supposed to be treated like citizens."

According to Carl Morgan, president of the Selma City Council, street work is planned for the Negro areas of East Selma. But Morgan couldn't say when the work will begin. Bad weather, he said, has held it up until now.

people who live in blighted areas--that most of the work is done on an assessment (tax) basis, Morgan said. "Prop-

you can always tell it's going to rain they want, and are assessed. But if a when he comes--and then the street is man (landlord) is only getting \$25 a just messed up more. Seems like some- month rent for a house he owns, he thing should be done. You can tell where doesn't want to pay \$3 a foot to pave

There are other ways streets could be paid for, though, Morgan agreed. Money can be raised by a bond issue, he said, or taken from the city's share

of the state gasoline tax. A survey is now under way, to detail a plan for East Selma, Morgan said. "Go look on Eugene St. and Franklin St.," he said. "That's what we're going to do." (Eugene and Franklin streets run through predominantly - Negro "People don't realize--especially neighborhoods -- although the city offices partly face on Franklin.)

> "Rev. Reese (F. D. Reese, head of the all - Negro Dallas County Voters League) lives on Eugene St., and some people say that's why we resurfaced that street, but I didn't even know he lived there," Morgan added.

> Morgan said two white city council members from East Selma "voice complaints loud and clear about the streets, in council meetings and to the mayor".

> Clarence Williams, a local leader, said, "We did organize the Negroes of East Selma to talk with the city council representatives about the open ditch that runs through East Selma. We asked for some lights and signs, too. We did a survey of this area, and found only 97 street lights in a 200-and-some-block area. We did get a few lights--one here and one there,"

> But on streets, said Williams, there have been no results. "They (city officials) have always said it would cost something," Williams noted. "But then why don't they get together with some of the people, and tell them? They were talking about getting the federal government to finance streets here, too. We got them down to \$1,50 a foot on that, But nothing ever came of it."



RESIDENTS STAND IN MUDDY ROAD



STREET IN EAST SELMA

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'Even an Animal Would Fight for His Children'

COLUMBIA, Miss. -- Two weeks ago, Marion County Attorney Michael Lawless prosecuted Willie Daniel, a Negro farmer, for calling a white man "a goddam white son of a bitch." Daniel was convicted, and fined \$25.

Last Friday, Lawless was prosecuting the white man, high school principal L. L. Autry, on an assault and battery charge brought by Daniel.

Before a jury of six white men, Autry did not deny that he had struck Daniel when Daniel visited him in his office. But, he said, he hit Daniel only after Daniel swore at him.

The jury acquitted Autry after five minutes of deliberation.

Before the jurors began deliberating, County Attorney Lawless sent them out of the room. He said he wanted to say something to Justice of the Peace M.R. Broom and the audience: "This is going further than I've ever seen to salve Willie's hurt feelings."

When the jury returned, Lawless summed up, "This man (Daniel) has as much right before this court as anyone in Marion County. I've seen stronger cases, but he is a parent, and even an animal in the woods would fight for his children."

(The incident occurred after Daniel went to Improve High School to find out why his son had been suspended.) "Be fair to Willie, and Mr. Autry too,

Clark's Committees

JACKSON, Miss, -- Robert G. Clark, the only Negro member of the Mississippi Legislature, has been appointed to the House committees on education, agriculture, pensions and social welfare, livestock and poultry, and mileage.

Clark said each House member submits a list of six committees he would like to serve on, and the House leadership then makes the assignments. The education, agriculture and welfare assignments were ones that he wanted, Clark said, and he feels that three out of six is "a very good percentage."



WILLIE DANIEL and do what you promised to do," Law-

less told the jurors. Despite the verdict, local Negroes

said they were glad Daniel brought the charge. "It's the first time a Negro did such a thing here," said community leader W. J. McClendon.

School Crisis (CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

ers' salaries 10%, but they didn't include the staffs. We had to raise them too--on our own,"

Another problem is the state's methnumber of "teacher units" based on average daily attendance, Wilson said:

"They don't allow you a teacher unit for the principal, the librarian, or the band director. You just have to have some extras." In Macon County, he We have 216," (The "extra" teachers

are paid from county property taxes.) So far, Wilson said, Macon County couldn't work there," hasn't had to cut back on its school program. But the school board has agreed

"We haven't asked anybody to turn off time." the heat," Wilson said, "We have asked them to be conservative with lights and son insulted her during a job interview. heat. That runs a pretty big item." "She hurt me so bad I couldn't help but In Rulings on Choice Forms, Faculties

After Emotional Five-Hour Hearing

Mrs. Johnson Fired Again

BY MARY ELLEN GALE

TUSKEGEE, Ala. -- At the close of an explosive, five - hour hearing last week, the board of the Macon County Community Action Program once again voted to fire its paid director, Mrs. Beulah C. Johnson.

It was the fourth time in five months that the CAP board has sought to dismiss Mrs. Johnson from her \$12,000a-year job. This time, the vote was 18

The Southeast regional branch of the Office of Economic Opportunity (OEO) voided the other three dismissals, saying the CAP board had failed to follow proper procedures.

But this week, board chairman B. D. Mayberry received a telegram indicating that the regional office is now willing to accept the board's decision.

"This office is satisfied that Mrs. Johnson was afforded an opportunity to be fully heard," wrote Ralph A. Phelps Jr., regional director of OEO.

"If the procedural standards are observed. OEO policy is not to inquire into the merits of the case," Phelps said. "Therefore, it is not necessary to obtain approval of the merits of the dismissal."

According to Mayberry, the CAP board agreed "to terminate the services of the director as of Feb. 1." But early this week, Mrs. Johnson said no one had officially told her of the decision.

"I have received no notice," she said. "No procedures have been properly followed, as far as I'm concerned." Her attorney, Charles S. Conley, said

he is planning "a direct appeal to the regional (OEO) office. I will send them a transcript of the entire hearing." The hearing--held Jan. 25 at the Macon County courthouse--drew an audi-

ence of 150 people. They laughed, gasped, and occasionally applauded as witnesses attacked -- or praised -- Mrs. Johnson's performance as CAP director for the last 2 1/2 years. Several times, board chairman May-

berry and attorney Conley tangled

"You are willing to get rid of Mrs. Johnson at the expense of the entire program being destroyed!" Conley shouted at one point.

"No, that is not true," shot back Mayberry, "and the assumption is not correct. We got along without Booker Washington. No one is indispensable. Getting rid of Mrs. Johnson will not destroy the program."

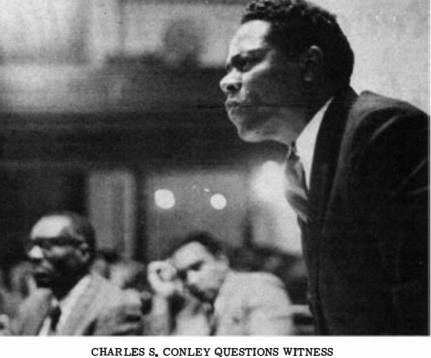
One of the CAP board's charges against Mrs. Johnson was "failure to recognize the board as the governing body." Mayberry said she hadignored the board's policies--and sometimes its specific orders--on employment and other matters.

Other charges included "inability to od of allotting each school system a communicate with disadvantaged people" and to get along with CAP office employees.

"She'll tell you to do things -- and then if it looks like it's going wrong, she cannot remember," said Mrs. Lottie F. Esau, who quit last summer as the said, "the state is paying 192 teachers, office bookkeeper and accountant, "She'll get on the phone, talk so loud, talk about you to somebody else till you

Conley counter--charged that Mrs. Esau became "displeased" after Mrs. not to replace teachers who leave. Johnson ordered her to "get towork on

Mrs. Bernice Carter said Mrs. John-



to cry," Mrs. Carter recalled. Until then, she added, "I only knew Mrs. Johnson through civic affairs. I had looked upon her very highly -- I admired her."

Other CAP employees also told of differences with the director.

Although Mrs. Johnson attended the hearing, she did not testify. But several witnesses belittled the charges against

"So many decisons have to be made on the spot," observed P. B. Phillips, former director of the Tuskegee Institute Community Education Program (TICEP), a private anti-poverty effort. He said that, sometimes, "the auditors and the approved proposal differ."

And John Brown Jr., who recently became TICEP director, said employees often don't get along with their boss: "We've had people--gee--even go so far as to threaten us."

Several witnesses said the board-not Mrs. Johnson--is at fault. "The kinds of levels we've descended to tonight don't augur well for this county-which is supposed to be a leader," said

What Caused Searcy Riot?

BY JONATHAN GORDON MT. VERNON, Ala .-- "We got nothin" to live for," said a patient at Searcy Mental Hospital. "We may as well take those bastards with us."

The patient was talking about last Saturday night's riot at the state's mental hospital for Negroes. Two hundred policemen from neighboring communities had to be called in to stop the four-hour riot, staged by 150 patients in the hospital's criminal ward.

"If help hadn't arrived, the whole place would have gone up," said Dr. Harry S. Rowe, assistant superintendent of the 138-year-old hospital. Rowe blamed the disturbance on about a dozen "ring-leaders," who he said have been transferred to the state prison at At-

But, Rowe added, there was overcrowding where the riot took place: "There were 281 people in a building with a capacity of 172."

Patients also complained this week about low-quality food, and brutality from white attendants, "They's always beatin' us, and encouraging fights," said one patient.

Rowe said these protests come from patients "who complain about every-

Dr. Luther C. McRae Jr. -- a white man who recently joined the CAP board (CONTINUED ON PAGE SIX, Col. 2) -- warned that among "prominent peo-NECK SUE **KUBBER** FOLKS **lalking**

The Rev. T. Y. Rogers is taking a year's leave of absence from Tuscaloosa, to work as director of a special SCLC project. The project, called the Urban Leadership Training Program, is intended to teach Negro ghetto ministers new methods of dealing with



REV. T. Y. ROGERS

problems in housing, jobs, education, politics, and police-community rela-"If the black churches in the tions. cities can transform the ghetto--restructure it so that Negroes have control of the political and economic power -- they will be destroying the ghetto," Rogers said. The project begins this month, with workshops and seminars in Miami, Fla. Then Rogers will work out of Atlanta, Ga. He will return to Tuscaloosa each weekend, to conduct services at the First African Baptist Church. But the Rev. T. W. Linton and W. L. Scott will take his place as leader of the Monday night meetings of the Tuscaloosa Citizens for Action Com-

New York City

Ed Gray of Prattville, Ala., attended a business and educational conference for Mutual of New York's top insurance men last week in the Park Sheraton Hotel. The company chose 100 field under-writers to attend the special three-day conference. The participants were picked for the professional excellence, sales ability, and policy-holder service they have shown during their first year with Mutual of New York.

Birmingham, Ala.

Mr. and Mrs. George Walker celebrated their 47th wedding anniversary last Thursday. Walker is an active member of the Alabama Christian Movement, and a regional circulation manager of The Southern Courier.

Meridian, Miss. The Cloverleaf Toastmasters Club of

Meridian is conducting a youth leadership training program for 20 local junior high and high school students. In the program, students will learn how to run meetings, and they will be taught the elements of parliamentary procedure and public speaking. Houston Kendricks is the co-ordinator of the program. The Toastmasters Club meets every Tuesday morning at 6:45 a.m. in the Lamar Hotel. Officers are B. L. Sykes, president; C. R. Moore, executive vice-president; Obie Clark, educational vice-president; Reuben R. Little, secretary; Eugene Henderson,

ple" in Macon County, "the general opinion about this board is that it's the kind of thing to stay away from." "To change directors when you haven't even gotten started would be a

disaster," he said. Mrs. Della D. Sullins charged that the board is too "emotional," and is "more concerned with personalities than with programs." Many members, she added, are "parrots who are told what to

say." A board member -- the Rev. Lawrence F. Haygood--joined in the criticism. Another member -- the Rev. Robert Smith--then observed that the regional OEO office delayed the firing of Mrs. Johnson on the basis of "charges against this board by a member ... and we still do not know who it was,"

"Pm happy to say before this audience and this board that I wrote that letter," Haygood replied.

Several board members disputed angrily with Mrs. Johnson's witnesses. Most of the speakers were leaders of the campaign to remove Mrs. Johnson.

But one of them -- James Veal of Notasulga--has been silent through most

Tuscaloosa, Ala. treasurer; and Charles Young, sergeant

at arms. The club is a member of Toastmasters International, whose motto is "Better thinking, listening, and speaking." (From Patricia James)

Tuskegee, Ala.

Memorial services for Willie James McCorvey, a third-year student in the School of Veterinary Medicine, were held Jan. 17 at Tuskegee Institute. Mr. McCorvey died of a brain hemorrhage Jan. 16 in Montgomery. Funeral services were held Jan. 21 in the Antioch Missionary Baptist Church in Peterman. Mr. McCorvey, who was 22 years old, had entered Tuskegee Institute in 1962. He had the highest scholastic average among freshman veterinary students in 1965, and was an Eminent Scholar in 1967. He also won several awards and scholarships. The son of Mr. and Mrs. Charlie McCorvey, he is survived by his wife, Gloria, and a sixweek-old daughter.

Wetumpka, Ala.

The Friendly Five and the Gospel Messengers of Wetumpka entertained last Sunday with two big programs-one at 3 p.m. in Auburn, and one at 7:30 p.m. in Opelika. The members of the groups said they had a wonderful time. (From Mrs. Cornelious Peavy)

West Point, Miss.

Donovan E. Smucker was installed as the tenth president of Mary Holmes College in a ceremony held last Friday. Smucker--who has studied at Bluffton College, Yale University Divinity School, Princeton Theological Seminary, and the University of Chicago-was on the faculty of Lake Forest (Illinois) College for eight years before coming to Mary Holmes.

Troy, Ala.

Mrs. Juanita Grandberry and Mrs. Carrie Belle Wilson are the first employees of Operation Face Lift, a new project of the Area 23 Community Action Program (Bullock, Pike, and Coffee counties). In the new project--recently approved by the Atlanta, Ga., branch of the Office of Economic Opportunity--people work 14 hours a week on "face-lifting" jobs in hard-core poverty areas. Under the supervision of field counselors from the Rural Resource Service Program, the workers fix up selected homes, so that other people in the area will see what can be



MRS. GRANDBERRY, MRS. WILSON

Gadsden, Fairfield Schools Win

BY BOB LABAREE

BIRMINGHAM, Ala.--U. S. District Judge H. H. Grooms has ruled against Negro parents and the U.S. Justice Department in two school-desegregation

Despite objections by Gadsden Negroes, Grooms agreed to modify the desegregation order he issued last summer against the Gadsden school board.

He granted the request of Gadsden school officials, who claimed they could greatly reduce the expense and bother of desegregation if two details of his order were revised.

Gadsden Schools Superintendent I. J. Browder said it had cost more than \$600 in "unbudgeted" school funds and approximately 700 man-hours of labor last year to send out the freedom-ofchoice forms and letters of explanation

required by the judge's order. Instead of mailing the forms and paying for first-class postage, school officials wanted permission to send them

home with the students. The officials also asked to have the student's race put back on the freedomof-choice forms. Grooms' desegregation order requires the schools to prepare yearly reports by race, officials said, and they can't comply with the re-

quirement unless they have a way of telling the race of the students.

But lawyers representing Gadsden Negro parents objected strongly to both requests.

If any parents fail to receive choice

forms, said attorney Harvey Burg, the board can easily place the blame on the students. This would mean using young children as "pawns in the delicate process of school desegregation," he said. Burg said he thinks \$600 is a "small

price to pay" to break down the system of segregation.

Asking children to put their race on choice forms was attacked as unnecessary and even "dangerous." "Because of past racial practices," the Justice Department argued, a Negro student might think he has to attend a Negro school.

But in his decision last week, Judge Grooms said the Gadsden board can send the choice forms home with the students, and put race on the forms. Next fall, the judge added, the board must report to the court on the expense and convenience of the new system, compared to the old.

Later, in a hearing on the Fairfield schools, the question was the speed-up of faculty desegregation. But everyone partment wanted to show that Nunn had

was talking about the difference between

a school "term" and a school "year." Last November, Judge Grooms had ordered Fairfield school authorities to take "affirmative steps" to desegregate their faculties and staff. He said the steps had to be taken "between now and the beginning of the next school

At that time, Grooms told Schools Superintendent G. Virgil Nunn and members of the Fairfield Board of Education that he was not satisfied with the steps they had taken so far. However, he refused to order the transfer of Negro and white teachers in November, because he felt it would "unduly dis-

rupt" the operation of the schools. So last Friday, Justice Department lawyers argued that the new "term" had begun on Jan. 22, and the school board still had not carried out the judge's order.

But school officials said that, as far as they are concerned, the new "term" doesn't begin until next September. "We operate on a completely annual basis," said Nunn. "Fairfield has been off the semester promotion system since the early 1950's."

Kenneth Johnson of the Justice De-

passed up chances to transfer teachers to schools of the opposite race. Since the November decision, Johnson said, only one teacher -- a white woman now teaching at all-Negro Fairfield Industrial High School--had entereda school where her race was in the minority. But Grooms said Johnson and lawyers

from the NAACP Legal Defense Fund had misunderstood his use of the word "term," "I didn't mean that they should do all that desegregating by Jan. 22," he said.

Throughout the hearing, Superintendent Nunn insisted that he and the school board are doing their best to desegregate faculties. "We had a number of Negro teachers willing to make the transfer," he said, but "it was almost impossible to find white teachers willing to cross race lines,"

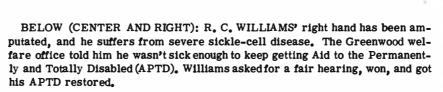
Nunn said there are presently three whites teaching in Negro schools, and three Negroes teaching in white schools. He added that the board has instructed him not to transfer any teachers--white or Negro--against their

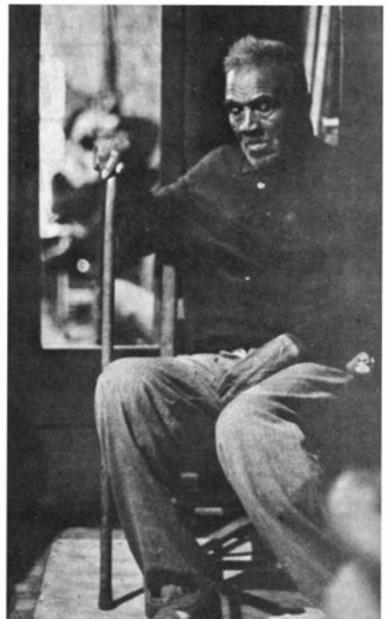
Grooms noted, however, that his November order told school officials to use "assignment if necessary to desegregate faculties and staffs."



ABOVE: In January, 1967, MRS. ANNIE BERTHA CONLEY--who was receiving \$51 a month in Aid to Dependent Children (ADC)--was laid off her job. Her case-worker in Itta Bena turned down her request for an increase in her check, But Mrs. Conley asked for a fair hearing, and won. Now she and her seven children get \$82 a month.

RIGHT: JOE HODGES, 84, is deaf and severely crippled. He must take insulin daily for diabetes. He and his 77-year-old wife must live on a total of \$112 a month from Social Security and Old Age Assistance.



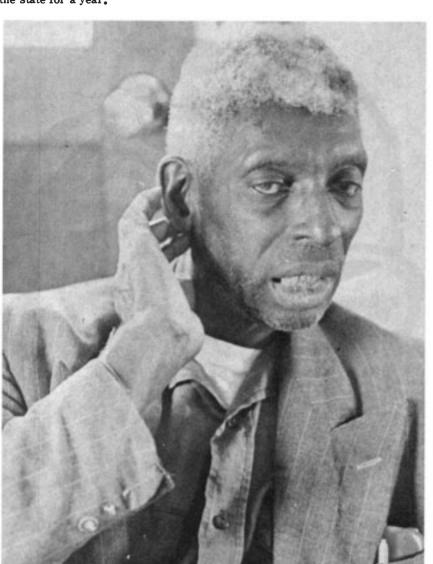


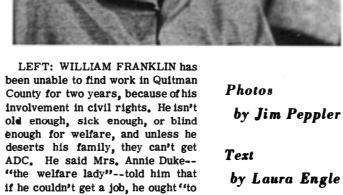
PAGE THREE

Mississippi Welfare in Action



BELOW: In February, 1967, a Chicago court gave ROBERT HARRINGTON and his wife custody of the five children of Mrs. Harrington's deceased sister. Under Mississippi law, the children aren't eligible for welfare until they have lived in the state for a year.



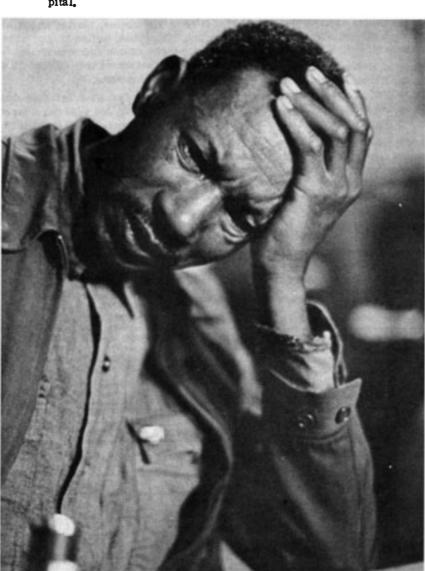


be digging a hole and going in the

ground."

Photos by Jim Peppler Text

BELOW: LONNIE COLEMAN can't work because of a back injury. He has a wife and children to support, but he can't get on welfare, because by Mississippi standards, he isn't totally disabled. The family tries to get by on \$81 a month from Social Security. But there are bills--\$40 owed in rent, \$145 owed to one doctor, \$110 to another, \$287 to the hos-





BELOW: MRS. BESSIE CAMPBELL, crippled from polio and rickets, had to leave the plantation when the owner bought cotton-picking machinery. In Marks, unable to qualify for APTD, Mrs. Campbell must try to live on the \$25 a month ADC she gets for her son.



123 | 45 | 6789

truck driver

Soouse's social security numbe 987 65 4321

housewife

number of boxes checked

3120 00

3120 00

514 20

2605.80

2400 00

205 80

28.81

28.81

28 81

119 60

90 79

Spouse's occupat

There's a Form for Everything How to Figure Out Your '67 Income Tax

The federal government has a form for everything, and half the battle in figuring out your income tax is deciding which form to use for what.

The average, uncomplicated tax-payer should only have to worry about three forms--the W-2, the 1040, and the 1040A. The W-2 is the form you get from your employer, showing the amount of wages he paid you in 1967, and the amount of income tax he withheld.

(You should have received a W-2 from everyone you worked for by the end of January, 1968. If you didn't get one--or if the one you got was incorrect--contact your employer right away.)

Forms 1040 and 1040A are the "long" and "short" versions of your federal tax return. Form 1040A is much simpler, and for incomes under \$5,000, it uses a Tax Table that gives you a pretty good deal.

not more than \$200 of it was for things like interest or dividends. You SHOULD use 1040A if your income was less than \$5,000--especially if you didn't have any unusual expenses during the year.

If you did have high expenses--like a costly operation and hospital stay-then you may want to "itemize deductions." This means you reduce your taxable income by listing your "deductible" expenses. To do this, you

must use the "long" form, 1040. The best way to understand this gob-

You CAN use 1040A if your income bledygook is to fill out a sample refor 1967 was less than \$10,000, and if turn. Let's say our sample tax-payer, Joe Blow, is filing a joint return with his wife Jane. Joe is an Alabama truckdriver, earning \$60 a week--\$3,120 a

> He and his wife have two kids--Joe Jr. and Geraldine. Geraldine was born during 1967, and the pregnancy cost the family \$100 for drugs and medicines and \$400 for the doctor and hospital. Aside from business, Joe drove his own car 10,000 miles in 1967, and he paid \$10 property tax on it when he

bought his auto tags.

Tax	kes.—Real estate .							
	State and local g							51 .00
	General sales (see	page	15	of	instr	ucti	ons)	
	State and local inc	om	е.					
	Personal property							10 00
	Total taxes							

ON FORM 1040, JOE BLOW DEDUCTS HIS STATE TAXES...

Medical and dental expense (not compensate otherwise)—Attach itemized list. 1 One-half (but not more than \$150) of in-	ed by insuran	ce o
surance premiums for medical care		
2 Total cost of medicine and drugs	1.00	ΩΩ
3 Enter 1% of line 9, page 1	31	20
 Subtract line 3 from line 2 (not less than zero) Other medical, dental expenses (include balance of insurance premiums for medical) 		.8.0
cal care not deductible on line 1)	400	00
6 Total (add lines 4 and 5)	4.68	. 8.0
7 Enter 3% of line 9, page 1	93	<u>. 60</u>
8 Subtract line 7 from line 6 (not less than zero) .	375	20
9 Total (add lines 1 and 8)	375	20

...AND HIS MEDICAL EXPENSES

If You Want a Refund, You Must File a Return

will fill out and file their 1967 federal income tax returns. Every year, many people make mistakes on these forms-- government owed them \$2251 cheating either the government or themselves. And every year, some people don't file a return at all. If these are poor cheating themselves, not the government.

The law says that everyone--adult or child--must file a federal income tax return if he made \$600 or more between don't have to file a return unless you made \$1,200 in 1967-not including veterans, Social Security, or other such bene-

But no matter how much you earned, you can't get a refund unless you file a return. People who earned less than \$600--and had income tax withheld from their paychecks-are entitled to get back everything that was withheld. They can get this money back only by filing a tax return.

\$3,000--you have nothing to gain by not filing a return. The

Between now and April 15, some 80,000,000 Americans you will qualify for a refund. One small family filed their first return last year, and learned to their surprise that the

Tax returns should be filed as soon as possible, and not later than April 15. (State income tax returns--which work people--with low incomes or large bills--they are probably about the same way as federal returns, though with much lower tax rates--are usually due at the same time.)

If you didn't get a federal tax return in the mail, you can pick one up at your local Internal Revenue Service office, Jan. 1, 1967, and Dec. 31, 1967. (If you are 65 or over, you and at most banks and post offices. Free advice is also available at Internal Revenue offices.

Tax-payers in Alabama and Mississippi should mail their federal returns to Internal Revenue Service, 4800 Buford Highway, Chamblee, Ga. 30006. If you owe some tax to the government, you should include a check or money order with your return.

You should make--and save--duplicates of your tax returns, in case any questions come up. You should also save If you earned more than \$600--say, between \$2,000 and your personal records--especially if you claim any unusual credits or deductions on your return.

Actually, Joe's income is so low that even with the family's high medical expenses, he is better off filing on 1040A. But let's see how he comes out on 1040.

On line 4, Joe claims four exemptions--one each for himself, his wife, and their two kids. If either Joe or his wife were 65 years old or blind, Joe could claim extra exemptions, by checking the boxes on lines 2a and 2b. (Each exemption removes \$600 from Joe's taxable income.)

There is no question that Joe Jr. and Geraldine are Joe's "dependents," since they are his children, earn less than \$600, get more than half their support from Joe, and live in the family

In general, any close relative who lives with you, gets more than half his support from you, and earns less than \$600 can be claimed as a dependent. Furthermore, you can claim children who earn MORE than \$600, if they are under 19 or if they are students.

Joe can claim a full exemption for Geraldine, even though she was born late in 1967. He could also claim an exemption for a child who died during the year.

On line 5, Joe enters the amount of wages shown on his W-2 form--\$3,120. Neither he nor his wife had any other kind of income, so lines 7 and 9 will also say \$3,120.

At this point, Joe could stop, andfigure his tax from the Tax Table. This would be the same as using Form 1040A. Or, if his income were \$5,000 or more, Joe could take the "standard deduction" --10% of his income, or \$200 plus \$100 for each exemption.

The Tax Table takes account of normal deductions in working out your income tax for the year. If your income is over \$5,000, the standard deduction does the same thing--allowing you to reduce your taxable income by a reasonable amount, without making you

22 If payments (line 21) are less than tax (line 16), enter Balance Due. Pay in full with this return | 22

25 Subtract line 24 from 23. Apply to: □ U.S. Savings Bonds, with excess refunded or □ Refund only 25

U.S. Individual U.S. Treasury Department, Internal Revenue Service Income Tax Return for the year January 1-December 31, 1967.

Your present employer and address Crashem Delivery Service, Box 0, Anywhere, Ala,

5 Wages, salaries, tips, etc. If not shown on attached Forms W-2 attach explanation

If you do not itemize deductions and line 9 is less than \$5,000, find your tax from tables in instructions. Do not use lines 11a, b, c, or d. Enter tax on line 12.

If you itemize deductions, enter total from page 2, Part IV, line 17
If you do not itemize deductions, and line 9 is \$5,000 or more enter the larger of:
(1) 10 percent of line 9; OR (2) \$200 (\$100 if married and filing separate return) plus \$100 for each exemption claimed on line 4, above.

Deduction under (1) or (2) limited to \$1,000 (\$500 if married and filing separately).

11d Subtract line 11c from line 11b. Enter belance on this line. (Figure your tax on this amount by using tax rate schedule on page 11 of instructions.) Enter tax on line 12.

12 Tax (from either Tax Table, see line 10, or Tax Rate Schedule, see lines 11a-11d)

BLOW

'Same''). If none filed, give reason. If changing

same

2a Yourself

2b Spouse . . . 🔯

00000

Your Exemptions Regular 65 or over Blind

you Joe Jr., Geraldine

4 Total exemptions claimed .

3a First names of your dependent children who lived with

3b Number of other dependents (from page 2, Part I, line 3)

or other taxable year beginning

123 45th St.

Anywhere, Ala.

ame and address used on your return for 1966 (if same as above, write to joint or joint to separate returns, enter 1966 names and addresses.

JOE AND JANE

Spouse's present employer and address, if joint return

1e Surviving widow(er) with dependent child

7 Total (add lines 5 and 6)

11b Subtract line 11a from line 9

1b 🖾 Married filing joint raturn (even if only one had income)

1c Married filing separately. If spouse is also filing a return,

enter her (his) social security number in space provided above

6 Other income (from page 2, Part II, line 8)

9 Total income (subtract line 8 from line 7)

13 Total credits (from page 2, Part V, line 4)

16 Total tax (add lines 14a, 14b, and 15)

21 Total (add lines 17, 18, 19, and 20)

14a Income tax (subtract line 13 from line 12)

15 Self-employment tax (Schedule C-3 or F-1)

17 Total Federal income tax withheld (attach Forms W-2)

Adjustments to income (from page 2, Part III, line 5)

11c Multiply total number of exemptions on line 4, above, by \$600

14b Tax from recomputing prior year investment credit (attach statement)

18 Excess F.I.C.A. tax withheld (two or more employers—see page 5 of instr.) 18 19 Nonhighway Federal gasoline tax—Form 4136, Reg. Inv.—Form 2439 19

23 If payments (line 21) are larger than tax (line 16), enter Overpayment

20 1967 Extimated tax payments (actude 1966 overpayment allowed as a credit)

24 Amount of line 23 you wish credited to 1968 Estimated Tax

Your Filing Status-check only one:

and give first name here ...

1d Unmerried Head of Household

1a 🗆 Single

and wife

Find tax from table

∟Your

Tax,

and

Pay-

Credits,

Balance

Due or

deductions, since he thinks he can save out for his employer.) Joe enters money that way. So he turns to Part \$119.60 on lines 17 and 21. IV. on the back of Form 1040, andgoes through the arithmetic there. He enters the \$100 for drugs and medicine on line 2, and \$31.20 (1\frac{1}{2} of his income) on line 3. Then he subtracts, leaving \$68.80 on line 4.

On line 5, Joe puts the \$400 he paid for the doctor and the hospital. More arithmetic follows, before he arrives at a total of \$375.20 (line 9).

If you itemize deductions for one thing, you should itemize them for everything. Joe didn't save his gasoline receipts, but he can refer to a table that comes with the 1040 instructions and claim \$51 for state gasoline taxes. Another table allows him \$78 for state sales taxes. He can also deduct the \$10 he paid on his car, and any other property taxes.

Although Joe doesn't qualify for them, there are other kinds of deductions that a tax-payer may claim. For instance, if your home, clothing, or car was damaged or destroyed by fire, you can deduct everything this cost you after the first \$100. (Of course, you can't deduct it if it was paid back by insurance.)

Now, back to the front side of 1040. Joe puts the total of his deductions--\$514,20--on line 11a, and then subtracts it from his income, leaving \$2,605.80 (line 11b). Then, on line 11c, he takes the benefit of his four exemptions--\$2,400. That leaves only \$205.80 (line 11d) to pay taxes on.

Under the Tax Rate Schedule that comes with 1040, Joe must pay a tax of 14%, which amounts to \$28.81 (lines 12, 14a, and 16).

But according to his W-2form, Joe's employer has already withheld \$119,60 in income taxes during the year. (This

JOE BLOW'S FORM 1040 (THE "LONG" FORM)

prove you actually spent that much. is because Joe didn't claim Geraldine But Joe has decided to itemize his as an exemption on the form he filled

Since he has paid more than he owes, Joe subtracts line 16 from line 21, giving him an overpayment of \$90.79 (line 23). He is entitled to a refund in this

As it happens, Joe can do even better on Form 1040A. After providing the same information about himself and his exemptions, Joe enters his income on lines 5 and 7. Under Tax Table B-which comes with Form 1040A--his tax is shown to be just \$18. He lists this on line 8, and the amount already withheld (\$119.60) on line 9. On line 11, he enters

There are many ins and outs to figuring your income tax, and no one explanation can cover them all. Be sure to read all instructions carefully, and ask your local Internal Revenue Service office for help if there's something you don't understand.

Farmers Can Save on Tax

14a

14b

15

16

119 60

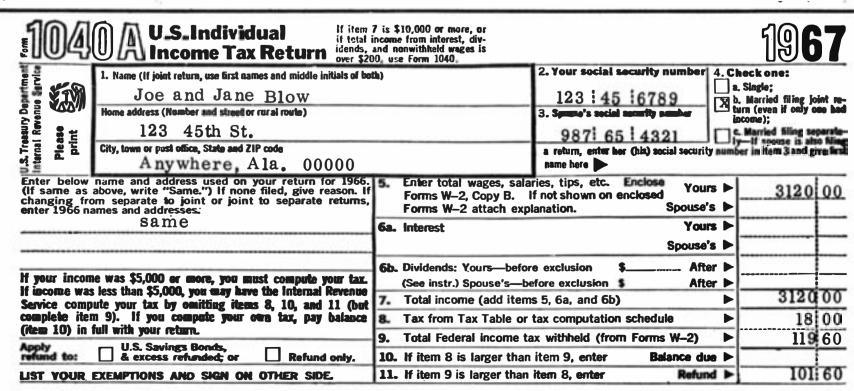
Farmers who use a lot of gasoline for their tractors and machines may be

missing out on a big tax saving. The owner, tenant, or operator of a farm is entitled to a tax credit of 4¢ for every gallon of gas he used in tilling the soil, raising crops or livestock, and planting and cutting timber.

Furthermore, farmers can claim a credit of 6¢ a gallon for oil used to lubricate their tractors and other nonhighway vehicles.

The gas tax credit doesn't apply to the amount of his refund--\$101.60. gasoline used away from the farm, even for things like hauling livestock or crops. And the oil credit doesn't apply to oil used in a truck or other highway vehicle, even if the vehicle is used on

> You can figure your credit on Form 4136, and claim it on line 19 of 1040.





People Wait for Food Program

Free Clothes in Autauga County

BY MICHAEL S. LOTTMAN

PRATTVILLE, Ala,--Last Monday, the store-room of the Autauga County Improvement Association office was said, "We're trying to keep them in packed full of shoes, shirts, sweaters, dresses, and underwear.

By Tuesday afternoon, the room was almost bare. The ACIA had given away nearly \$2,200 worth of clothing to needy

Dan Houser, president of the ACIA, said \$1,600 worth of goods had come from the American Friends Service Committee, and the rest from people in the Montgomery-Prattville area.

The clothes were for distribution to "unfortunate peoples--white or col-

"We have so many peoples in Autauga County layin' out of school, because they don't have clothes to wear." he school."

Mrs. Carlenia Hall said the ACIA's clothing drive will be a big help to her. She said she has three school-age children, and "I haven't been able to send them to school like I should,"

On Tuesday--the first day clothes were distributed -- about 150 people showed up at the small ACIA office. Several ACIA members and a white lady from Montgomery kept busy helping them find clothes that fit.

Houser said the ACIA is asking for ored, it doesn't matter," Houser said. more donations of money or clothing,

Laurel Batters Sylacauga

Dragons of Druid Take 17th Straight Victory

BY EMILY ISRAEL

TUSCALOOSA, Ala. -- Suffering through a cold night from the floor, Druid High's Flying Dragons finally breathed a little fire in the second half of last week's basketball game.

The Dragons edged the Parker (Birmingham) Thundering Herd, 55 to 52, for their 17th victory without a loss.

Parker hung on to the ball with its well-controlled offense. And the Herd's tight zone defense held the Dragons to a 33.8 field goal percentage--well below their usual 52.7%.

Hot-handed Eugene Murphy of Parker was the game's high scorer with 17 points. Lester Dent and Alfred Baker, each with 14, led the Dragons. The outstanding ball-handler was Druid's smallest man, Ossie Blevins--"the one who generally sparks the team," according to Coach Hugh Martin.

Druid's fine record has been due to several factors -- its defense, its outside shooting (except for the Parker game), and its discipline, pride, and determination.

Although the Dragons have lost a lot of the height that got them to the state championship finals last year, they have gained in speed, Coach Martin said.

He said the game with Coach William Brown's Herd was the closest one the Dragons have played in two years--with the exception of the 68-64 squeaker they lost to Booker T. Washington of Montgomery in the 1967 state finals.

Before Druid beat Parker, the Dragon junior varsity--coached by Martin's brother, Tom--won its 14th game,

Les "Speedy" Duncan -- a former Druid great and now a star defensive back with the San Diego Chargers of the American Football League--returned to his alma mater to watch the game with Parker.

* * * *

BY WILLIE ALBERT GOGGEMS ALEXANDER CITY, Ala, -- It's becoming almost routine for the Laurel High Hornets to beat the Indians of East Highland (Sylacauga). They didit again last week, 76 to 56.

Laurel's first and last baskets were the most interesting. After the Indians took a 2-0 lead, Herschel Godfrey came down court and hit on a 30-footer to tie the score. The Hornets led, 35 to 30, at halftime.

Laurel ran away with the game in the last two periods. Then, with three seconds to go, Hornet L. M. Hunter connected on a 45-ft, heave for the final two points of the game.

The Indians got some revenge when their B team downed Laurel, 58 to 48.

Jackson Incident

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE) "It was brought out that the officer called him (Wells) 'boy,' and it is unfor tunate that the defendant looks young.

"In my opinion, the defendant became enraged as a result of the accident. He was just home from Viet Nam, he was with friends and was driving a brandnew car."

Wells' sentence was 60 days in jail and a \$300 fine, but the judge suspended the punishment--as "a lesson to him for the future."

Tired of Making \$10-15-\$25 Weekly?

NEW YORK AND BOSTON NEED 1,000 MAIDS

Ages 18-65

Salary \$40 to \$80 weekly, plus free room and meals. All expenses advanced, tickets sent. Friends are placed close to one another. All jobs are guaranteed.

For more information, write ABC MAIDS, 712 W. Mobile St., Florence, Ala, 35630, or call 766-6493 collect,

> Leave for New York or Boston the same day you arrive in Florence

'God Helps Those Who Help Themselves'



Houser noted, though, that only two Negroes--Frank Gipson and Mrs. Vera Mae Brown--have been hired to work in the food program, "I don't think we're going to accept that," he said.

"Negroes worked to get the program in the county. Negroes are the most victims. I think there should be more Negroes on the staff--and I don't mean unloading trucks, either."

Probate Judge E. A. "Bud" Grouby said, however, that Gipson, a warehouseman, is one of only fourfull-time employees in the program.

And, he said, Mrs. Brown is one of two certification workers hired for 60 days. If another permanent certification agent is hired, said Grouby, the job will probably go to a Negro.

"I think we were pretty fair about it, myself," said the judge. "We were determined to put some colored people on that thing. It's kind of hard to find somebody with the qualifications."

Grouby said the program will begin taking applications for free food next Monday, in the "old chicken plant" on Walnut St. He said food distribution should begin by March 1.

At 1428 Sixth Ave. S. in Birming-

Guaranteed Fresh Fish--Dressed

Free, Courtesy of the Market--Hot

teer belp it can get to work in the classrooms. Men, women, and teen-agers (minimum age 16) can all be of use. Volunteers will assist as teacher's children on field trips in the area. A volunteer can choose his or her own hours between 8 a.m. and 2 p.m. on a convenient day Monday through Friday.

Transportation and lunch will be fur-

the Rev. E. W. McKinney, volunteer di-

VOLUNTEERS NEEDED -- The Mont-

gomery Head Start needs all the volun-

1000

or go to the nearest Head Start center. BAHA'IS -- The Baha'is of Montgomery invite you to their weekly fireside at 8 p.m. Saturday, Feb. 3, at 3222 Santee Dr. in Montgomery. For transportation, call 265-4394. Meet Baha'u'-

ARTS FESTIVAL -- The South's first Festival of Afro-American Arts will be held Monday through Sunday, Feb. 12-18, at Dillard University in New Orleans, La. Sponsored by Afro-Americans for Progress, a Dillard student group, the festival will feature the work of amateur and professional Negro artists. It will be open to the public, free of charge.

ALL STUDENTS -- All high school and college students in Alabama are urged to attend a state-wide meeting Friday through Sunday, Feb. 9-11, in the Bell St. Baptist Church, Oak and Robinson streets, Montgomery, Ala. The topic will be "Have Elected Officials Represented Us in the State of Alabama?" Objects of the meeting will include state-wide unification of students; organization of a political arm to resist such "movements" as ex-Governor George Wallace is advocating; and election of our own candidates to represent us in Alabama and Washington, Sponsored by the Alabama Action Commit-

CHRISTIAN SCIENTISTS -- "Thou shalt love the Lord thy God with all thy heart, and with all thy soul, and with all thy strength, and with all thy mind; and thy neighbour as thyself." This verse from the tenth chapter of Luke the courthouse; Jan. 30 (precincts 5W is the Golden Text for the Lesson Sermon on "Love," to be read in all Christian Science churches Sunday, Feb. 4.

will begin at 9 a.m. Saturday, Feb. 3, Meigs, Ala. Consolation game at 7 p.m., finals at 8:30 p.m. Entrants include Washington,

MACON COUNTY CITIZENS--The West Macon Improvement Association voter education project will hold a mass meeting at 7 p.m. Sunday, Feb. 11, in the Second Baptist Church, Shorter, Ala. Attorney Fred D. Gray will be the principal speaker.

COLLEGE CONCERT--The St. Olaf College Band, from Northfield, Minne-Feb. 4. in Dansby Hall Auditorium on the Jackson State College campus, Jackson, Miss. The concert is sponsored by the Tougaloo College Concerts and Lectures Committee and the Jackson State Lyceum Committee. Tougaloo and Jackson State students can be admitted by showing their ID cards. For others, tickets at the door will be \$1 for students and \$1,50 for adults.

FOR A BETTER ALABAMA -- The Alabama Council on Human Relations has active chapters in Birmingham, Mobile, Montgomery, Huntsville, Florence-Tuscumbia-Sheffield,. Auburn-Opelika-Tuskegee, Talladega, and Tusaides and cook's helpers, and will take caloosa. It has a staff that works throughout the state. The Alabama Council is integrated at all levels: its staff officers, staff, and local chapters all have people of both races working side by side. The Alabama Counnished. If you are available, apply to cil wishes to establish local chapters in every county in the state. If you wish rector at 419 Madison, call 263-3474, to join the Council's crusade for equal opportunity and human brotherhood, write The Alabama Council, P. O. Box 1310, Auburn, Ala. 36830.

> TSU DEFENSE FUND -- On March 4, five black students from Texas Southern University will face trial and the death penalty on a charge of murdering a white policeman. The accused are Douglas Wallace, whose defense is that he was already in jail when the policeman was shot; Floyd Nichols and Charles Freeman, whose defense is that they were on the other side of the city; and Trazewell Franklin and John Parker, whose defense is that they were in bed. Funds are urgently needed to make possible the freedom of the TSU Five. Donations and statements of support may be sent to TSU Five Defense Fund, Box 21085, Houston, Tex. 77026.

> TALENT SHOW -- The Friendly Five, Peace and Goodwill, and the Gospel Messengers will perform in a Talent Program at 7:30 p.m. Sunday, Feb. 4, in the Tabernacle Baptist Church, Wetumpka, Ala. Come and bring a friend.

VOLUNTEERS NEEDED -- Student volunteers are wanted to help Welfare/ Rights groups get started, and to work for welfare rights. Write to Poverty/ Rights Action Center, 1762 Corcoran St. NW, Washington, D. C. 20009, for more information.

MONTGOMERY REGISTRATION --The Montgomery County Board of Registrars will be in session to receive applications for voter registration during January and February as follows: Jan. 29 (all precincts), 8:30 a.m.-4 p.m. at and 5E), 9 a.m.-3:30 p.m., Capitol Heights Community Center; Jan. 31 (5E and 5W), 9 a.m.-3:30 p.m., Goodwyn Community Center; Feb. 6 (21), BASKETBALL TOURNAMENT -- The 10-11 a.m., Mt. Meigs Post Office; Feb. 15th annual Gold Medal Tournament 6 (17), 11:30 a.m.-12:30 p.m., Pike Rd. School; Feb. 6 (20), 1:30-2:30 p.m., at Georgia Washington High School, Mt. Catholic High School; Feb. 7 (15-1 and 15-2), 10-11 a.m., Ramer School; Feb. 7 (14), 11:15 a.m.-noon, Hicks Store, Carver of Union Springs, North High- Dublin; Feb. 7 (13), 12:30-1:30 p.m., land, Autauga County Training School, Pine Level School; Feb. 7 (12), 2-2:45 Sandtown, Southside of Greenville, Lo- p.m., Teasley's Mill; Feb. 12 (all premax-Hannon, Dunbar, and Georgia cincts), 8:30 a.m.-4 p.m. at the courthouse; Feb. 13 (23N and 23S), 9 a.m.-3:30 p.m., Cloverdale Community Center; Feb. 14 (23S and 23N), 9 a.m.-3:30 p.m., Floyd Community Center; Feb. 26 (7W and 7E), 9 a, m, -noon, S, McDonough St. Fire Station; Feb. 26 (7E and 7W), 1-3:30 p.m., Highland Ave. Fire Station; Feb. 27 (16), 10-11 a.m., Fred Sellers Store, Fleta; Feb. 27 (10), 11:30 a.m.-12:30 p.m., Pintlala School; Feb. 27 (9), 1-2 p.m., McGehee & Davis Store, Hope Hull. The board will meet sota, will perform at 4 p.m. Sunday, at the courthouse Feb. 5 and 19 for the purpose of registering Montgomery County citizens in the armed services. Merchant Marine, Red Cross, and affiliated organizations who are stationed outside the county. Under the law, only those persons who live in a precinct will be registered when the board is in that precinct. Barbara R. Dent. chairman; Bettie P. Neel and D. H. Guy,



MISS GENEVA JONES SORTS SHOES to take care of other needy families. "We're trying to give people hope," he

Another thing giving people hope, said Houser, is the county's free surplus food program, scheduled to begin soon. But, he said, "a lot of people don't know nothing about it. We're really go-

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Sumter Families Start New Life in Macon County

'I'm Glad to Be Out'

MITCHELL VILLAGE, Ala .-- "He wanted his house and his land, so I give it to him," said Roy Thomas. "I have no regrets. I'm glad to be out of it."

"I feel fine about leavin," said Woodrow Baker, "I was a farmer, After they took my farm, they taken my living. No use to me settin' there till the last day, doing nothing."

Thomas and Baker are two of seven Sumter County farmers who packed up their families and their belongings last Jan. 2, and left their life-long homes on the sprawling Rogers plantation near Panola.

With the help of the NAACP, they came to Macon County to start a new life.

If things go as planned, some time next June they will be joined by another 34 farm families evicted by Barnes A. Rogers, the white man who owns the Sumter County plantation.

Before then, the NAACP hopes to get the U. S. Department of Labor to provide funds for a re-training program-including basic education and pre-vocational classes for men, home management for women, tutoring for schoolchildren, and counseling for adults.

Meanwhile, the NAACP is paying the rent for all 41 out-of-work farmers, and trying to find them enough food and



ROY THOMAS

For the seven families who have already come to Macon County, the NAACP paid moving expenses and made arrangements with the City of Tuskegee to rent part of the abandoned barracks in Mitchell Village, eight miles north of town.

While they wait for the re-training program to begin, the newcomers have nothing much to do but remember their life in Sumter County--and the reasons why it came to an end.

The trouble began more than a year ago, when several Rogers tenants complained that he hadkept their ASCS (Agricultural Stabilization and Conservation Service) crop-support payments.

Rogers then told the farmers that he had rented their acreage to the Hammermill Paper Company, to plant trees. He gave the tenants a year to get out.

For most of the families, Hammermill extended the year to 18 months-until next June. But last fall, said Thomas, he and his brothers and sister testified against Rogers at a hearing before U. S. Department of Agriculture officials in Livingston.

After the hearing, Rogers was ordered to return some money to the farmers. But he appealed the ruling, and there has been no final decision.

Godbold at Auburn (CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

whites together" -- or "outsiders," Godbold said. "It is not illegal because it is distasteful to others, or because (the marchers) are attacked, or because their ideas are ideas the community dislikes."

Nevertheless, he added, "the community and the public too have rights" --to regulate traffic, protect access to public buildings, and see that public and private facilities are not "invaded."

"There is no constitutional protection for disorderly rioting," he remarked.

A questioner asked the judge, "Does this university have the right to prevent our hearing a Communist speaker or Stokely Carmichael?"

"As a legal matter . . . , I would say no," Godbold replied. "As a matter of what is best for Auburn University, that may be another problem."

And, the judge added with a grin, there may be "practical controls" rather than "legal controls": "A school may have to get money from the state Leg-



God Says:

Breathe not the sins of others as long as thou art thyself a sin-

Baha'u'llah



CHILDREN AT PLAY IN MITCHELL VILLAGE

of 30 children have settled in as best

they can. Last Monday, the week's wash

flapped on half a dozen clothes-lines.

Three young boys chased a tire along

Saturday, Feb. 3

9:30-11:30 a.m.

PAUL ANTHONY -- executive

DONALD A. JELINEK--civil

THE REV. T. Y. ROGERS--di-

rector of affiliates for the South-

ern Christian Leadership Con-

ference, Atlanta, Ga., and pastor

of the First African Baptist

ALLEN BLACK JR. -- director,

Southern office, legal informa-

tion division, NAACP Legal De-

fense and Educational Fund, Inc.,

DR. RAY FOWLER -- chair-

man, department of psychology,

University of Alabama, Tusca-

Church, Tuscaloosa, Ala.

rights attorney, director of

Southern Rural Research Pro-

director of the Southern Regional

Panel

Council, Atlanta, Ga.

ject, Selma, Ala.

Memphis, Tenn.

Alabama Council

On Human Relations

Annual Meeting

Tuscaloosa, Ala.

kansas.

And, said Thomas, Rogers did something else--he ordered all the Thomases to get off his land by the first of the year.

Thomas said the four Thomas families didn't argue about leaving. And three other farmers--Baker, Artis Stanton, and Mrs. Sallie Mobley--decided to come along.

"I'm 57. I was born there. I lived there all my life," said Thomas. "I built a house there, put \$1,500-\$1,600 of my own money in it. But if it wasn't one thing, it was another. We was ready to go."

Thomas' home in Sumter County had nine rooms. His new home in Macon County is three rooms in an old barracks. There's no hot water, and some of the windows and wall-boards have gaping holes.

But Thomas said, "I'm satisfied in a way. I ain't worried about gettin' a letter to move."

The farmers, their wives, and a total MRS. JOHNSON FIRED

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE TWO) board meetings. He spoke out after Mrs. Lillian H. Harvey, dean of the Tuskegee Institute School of Nursing, testified that Mrs. Johnson often talked about the needs of the rural poor.

"Do you think the (CAP) program has been helping rural people, as in Beat 9 (Notasulga)?" asked Veal.

"Yes," replied Mrs. Harvey. "I live in Beat 9," said Veal. "She (Mrs. Johnson) hasn't been out there

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Standing outside in the warm January sunshine, Thomas said he was glad to come to Macon County: "I was going to Chicago, but I didn't want to go. I heard the people up there are as bad as the weather."

And Baker said, "One mistake I made, I didn't come here years ago. It's just better peoples here, more civilized. Peoples help you, here."

Thomas said he will never go back to Sumter County. After the re-training program is over, he hopes to sell his old farm machines, "buy me a couple of acres around here, and build a house on my own land. I'm through with running. I want somewhere I can stay."

Alabama Christian Movement for Human Rights

The weekly meeting will be at 6:30 p.m. Monday, Feb. 5, in St. James Baptist Church, 1100 Sixth Ave. N., the Rev. C. W. Sewell, pastor. W.C. Patton will be the speaker.

Stafford Hotel

1:30 p.m.

Speaker

THE HON. BROOKS HAYS,

The speaker has served over

the years as advisor to three

Presidents -- Eisenhower, Ken-

nedy, and Johnson. He was just

recently elected president of the

newly-formed Southern Commit-

of governors of George Peabody

College and George Washington

University, and is now lecturing

at Rutgers University and the

He was elected president of the

Southern Baptist Convention in

1957, and re-elected in 1958. He

is a member of the board of di-

rectors of the National Confer-

ence of Christians and Jews.

University of Massachusetts.

Mr. Hays serves on the board

tee on Political Ethics.

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