**25% of School Districts Sign Compliance Forms**

**BY MICHAEL L. LOTHMAN**

In the face of pressure from the state's top officials and congressional leaders, nearly one fourth of Alabama's 118 school districts have said that they would follow the federal government's new guidelines on desegregation.

The state and congressional leaders last week had asked the district's boards to sign the guidelines, and according to the U.S. Office of Education, nearly one third have signed the forms. Senator John Sparkman, the state's Democratic leader, and Congressman George Andrews, who represents the area, also have made efforts to encourage districts to sign the guidelines.

A spokesperson for the Office of Education said that school systems have been allowed to sign the guidelines in the following order: those in the northern part of the state, those in the southern part, and those in the eastern part.

For the Governor's Meeting

**Atlantic City, N.J.**—"Stokely Carmichael, tall, slim, brown-skinned, gives the impression he would strike cold and smiling through Hell, philosophizing all the time. Carmichael this week walked cold and smiling into SNCC headquarters in Atlantic City to direct what the youngest and angriest civil rights group in the country would be doing from now on.

Carmichael, who helped organize the black panther party in Lowndes County, was elected chairman of the militant Student Nonviolent Coordinating Committee at a meeting of 150 staff members in Nashville, Tenn., two weeks ago. That office went John Lewis, 26, national chairman since 1963, James Forman, 27, who Lewis in a veteran of civil rights battles in the South since the Freedom Rides of 1961, decided earlier this year to quit as executive secretary.

**Court Hears Clark.Baker Vote Dispute**

**BY TERREY COMPEL**

The case of the Republican registrar who refused to let Mrs. Doris Smith Robinson, 24, vote in a federal election, was heard last week in Augusta, Ga. The registrars held the poll not open to Mrs. Robinson because she is a registered voter in another state.

Walter Scott, registrar of voters for the county, said that the state law requires that all voters must be residents of the county. Mrs. Robinson, a resident of Perry County, said that she is also a resident of Augusta County, and that she has a permanent residence in Augusta.

Some 2,400 people, including some students from the University of Georgia, were present at the conference. Mrs. Robinson and Mr. Lewis both testified that they were entitled to vote in the election.

Mrs. Robinson also said, "We will struggle in the future as we have in the past for freedom."

Following the voting, the case was referred to a three-judge panel of federal judges. Mrs. Robinson later asked for a rehearing of the case.

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The proposed waterway would link the north-flowing Tennessee River to the Tombigbee River, which flows south from the western edge of Alabama’s Black Belt to Mobile.

Transportation by ship is cheaper than by airplane, train, or truck, and grows for the rest of the nation and the world.

Two Meetings

After the May 3 primary, two very similar meetings were held. One was a gathering in Birmingham of “white liberals.” They discussed whether they could possibly do in November what they were faced with at a choice of what they consider are two underqualified candidates for governor.

The other meeting was in Montgomery, where members of the Capital Citizens Council and other such organizations worried about November elections. Two elections, they must be careful other to have run against this candidate like Mrs. Wallace. They wondered whether the election clash could be avoided in some way.

And that is just about the state of things in Alabama.

Editorial Opinion

Behind Bars

It is clear Governor Wallace is going to pressure school board actions not to comply with the federal guidelines on desegregation. This makes it likely that local school superintendents will voluntarily comply with the guidelines.

The Department of Health, Education, and Welfare has threatened to strip federal money to any school system that does not comply. HEW when started procedures in 12 Southern districts, including Bibb County and Tallent City in Alabama. But HEW has not yet stopped federal funding of education. Even though it has had the authority since the Civil Rights Act of 1964 was passed. To do so would be against the Supreme Court of the system, because even the innocent would suffer. And, in the past, political pressure has spared off HEW Commissioner of Education after he had threatened to withhold federal dollars.

A far more interesting way for HEW to assure compliance with the guidelines would be through the courts.

At least a dozen school systems in Alabama are under the courts’ desegregation plans. HEW could have the Justice Department put pressure on the school systems that do not comply fully with the court orders. The Justice Department could order the federal courts in the South to put the school superintendent in jail for failure to comply with court orders.

Then, the innocent people would not suffer, the political pressures could have no influence with the judge, and the school superintendent would be locked up until he agreed to enforce the U.S. Constitution in his school system. And school superintendents all around the country would start to shape up.

Federal Government Offers Jobs, Loans for Students and Teachers

The Department of Education is now offering an opportunity for college students. \( \text{... some kind of federal aid must be received to work with the Office of Education, Washington, D.C., 20202.} \)

The deadline for participation in the National Teacher Corps is May 15, 1966.

Applicants must have a bachelor’s degree and must be eligible to teach in the classroom.

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One of every four Americans goes to college, and the federal government is finding it increasing all the time.

One college student out of every four has received some kind of federal aid to aid his educational advancement this school year. Three years ago, only one out of 10 received such help.

Nineteen out of 100 public high school students are enrolled in vocational courses.

The major interest of HEW is in education, and students who now work for state universities, or who are members of local school systems and are paid at the local salary rate.

One out of four Teachers Corps members are from families with incomes of less than $5,000.

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In one week.

In front of the television set.

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The Mississippi Delta
In Winter

Last January, Photography Editor Jim Peppler spent several days in Sharkey and Issaquena counties in the delta area of Mississippi. While it takes a longer association with a place (or a person) to understand and feel enough to write about it, even in a quick glance some things can be seen. These are some of the things Peppler saw in Mississippi in winter.
City of Tents in Greene County

BY LARRY FRIEDER

FORKLAND—As the end of last year, a group of families in this Greene County town were told to leave the land which they had farmed as tenants for many years.

They were among the hundreds of other Negro families who have been evicted throughout the Black movement. Most of them were members of the Greene County Freedom Organization, the backbone of political party they got other Negroes creased with help from SNCC.

A few days after they received eviction notice, most of them gathered in the courthouse square to protest. They were given the choice of moving in their homes without the use of workers. The rent was set at $25, which is about half of what a farm worker can earn in homes without the use of land. The rent was set.

For Oscar Williams, a group of families in this Greene County town were told to move. The families that have been evicted for civil right participation in the Black are managed to stay in their county, living with friends.

Serving in the Peace Corps.

Oscar Williams of Boligee, Alabama, is a Peace Corps Volunteer in Jamaica. He teaches young men how to cut hair, make shoes, and tailor clothes. He writes long letters to his mother telling her about his work. Oscar Williams knows we may have to go to war.

What does a volunteer in the Peace Corps? Oscar Williams wrote in The Vision, a magazine published by the Jamaica Volunteer Corps: "Everyone would agree that youth to- day faces a world quite different from the world we faced as children 30, 20, even ten years ago. We were not pestered with notions of war, but to teach these young people with whom we will live and work, it is necessary to understand their world..."

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The corps has been one of the happiest experiences of my life. Every day I learn something new. The corps is from the Philippines, both people and friends, in the best part!"
MAY 21-22, 1966
Dallas Voters March Against Democrats

BULLOCK RUN-OFF CANDIDATES SAY THEY SHOULD'VE WON THE 1ST TIME

SHELMA—The Dallas County Democratic Committee will hold a special meeting today to make a decision on the Dallas County Democratic Committee's recommendation favoring the present candidates for the special election. The committee's recommendation was based on the results of a recent poll conducted by the Dallas County Democratic Committee.

The poll showed that 70% of the voters favored the present candidates, while only 30% favored the alternative candidates.

The Dallas County Democratic Committee will meet today at 2 p.m. in the Dallas County Democratic Committee's headquarters to discuss the matter further.

M. Alton Keith, chairman of the committee, said, "We will consider the poll results and make a decision on the candidates for the 1st time."
Tuscaloosa Students Meet First, Then March to City Schools Office

BY DAPHNE BENSON

TUSCALOOSA—The movement is being carried in Tuscaloosa, and the center of activity is the City of Tuscaloosa.

More than 500 young people crowded into the City Church Tuesday before a march on the board of education, shouting, chanting, and singing into an old hymnbook so the police could hear them.

The marchers were led by Deputy Sheriff T. J. Wilcox, who read the first and last lines, "The Lord奔波 the people and will always be with them, and the people will always be with the Lord." The march was over promptly, and the police were back in the church.

The day was a sharp contrast to the march of March 4th, when 3,000 people, mostly Negroes, took to the streets. On that day, the marchers were led by Deputy Sheriff T. J. Wilcox, who read the first and last lines, "The Lord奔波 the people and will always be with them, and the people will always be with the Lord." The march was over promptly, and the police were back in the church.

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