Two Traditional Rivalries Cap Football Season--See Page Six THE SOUTHERN COURIER

Alabamians Vote Next Tuesday
On Space, Salaries, Literacy


Mobile Voters to Decide Fate of General Hospital

BILE--If Amendment 28 do pass next Tuesday, the more than 100,000 people who use Mobile General
Hospital every year will have to go else where. And the people who believe that the "power structure" controls local, rica will have to revise their theories somewhat. Tudoces Told To Follow Vote Act
(ox ono

$$
\begin{aligned}
& \text { MONTGOMERY--A three-judge fed- } \\
& \text { eral court ruled Tuesday that Alaba- } \\
& \text { ma's probate judges must acomply in } \\
& \text { all respects with the voting Rights Act }
\end{aligned}
$$

## of 1965,' This

 This clears the way for 23,000 fed-erally- registered Negroes to vote in the
const erally-registered Negroes to vote in the
constitutional amendment election next
Tuesday. The Negroes affected by the court's action are those registered by federal
examiners in Dallas, Hale, Lowndes, Marengo, Perry and Wilcox counties.
The probate judges had been in the The probate judges had been in the
position of violating the federal law if position of violating the federal law if
they refused to put the Negroes' names
on the voting rolls, or violating a state court order if they accepted the names. The three-judge court noted that un-
der the voting Rights Act, any challenge to the law must go to a federal court in Washington or a federal appeals court. Therefore, the Montgomery court
ruled, the state court orders against neral
 SELMA--Private First Class James Mooney, the first Dallas County service-
man to die in Viet Nam, was buried with full military honors here Nov. 17. Mooney, a Negro, was a graduate or Hudson High. the services, A detall of soldiers from Fort McClellan served as pallma for McClellan soldiers fired a salute over Mooney's grave in the East Selma Cemetery as a bugler played "Taps." (Photo by Selma Times-Journal)
added money to the hospital.
Unless voters approve the increase, Mobile General, already deep in debt, will have to close early next year, ac-
cording to the hospital's board of directors.
Many of the patients would have nowhere else to go. They now get charity treatment from Moble cand hospital bills.
Large parts of Mobile General penses arealready paid by local tax momost of the charity cases in this area. The average annual income of its pa-
tients last year was $\$ 1,700$. Most of the patients were Negroes.
In addition to
In addition to charity treatment, the
hospital also has the only 24-hour ehospital also has the only 24 -hour e-
mergency ward in this vicinity, and it contributes to pubbic healthby vaccinating thousands of people every year
against contagious diseases. against contagious diseases.
Amendment 28 must win a Amendment 28 must win a majority rity in votebile in County to be approved, If this a mendment fails, it will fail in spite of a major effort by the local
"power structure" to get it passed. "power structure" to get it passed
Some of the city"s most prominentpeople are running the campaign for
Amendment 28 , Amendment 28.
Pamphlets and
Pamphlets and leaflets have tried to
answer every objection to the amendanswer every objection to the amend-
ment, including those raised by people
who don't like who don't like charity, "immorality,"
or Negroes. or
" Negroes.
A civilized co
Arty treatment for the poor, the sick and the injured,"" says one doocument.
"Question, "Question, Doenn' Mobile General's
maternity section deliver maternity section deliver a large num-
ber of illegitimate babies? Answer, Mo ber of illegitimate babies? Answer. Mo-
bile General delivers babies, It considers the morals of the parents to be a ders the morals of the parents to be a
social problem. Mobile General solves
medical problems and leaves social medical problems and leaves social
problems to others," problems to others."
"Question. Why should white pro-
perty owners tax themselves to pay for a hospital where more than half of the patients are Negroes? Answer. The ul-
timate reason lies in each humanheart ter into functions of serving humanity," Very few individuals or organizations have spoken out against Amendment 28 .
Nevertheless, hardly anyone is Nevertheless, hardly anyone is co
dent the amendment will pass.

Protest Painting Causes Fuss in Capitol

by scott de garmo GREENVILLE -- When the civil rights movement came to Greenville this summer, it was a movement without a meeting
place.
Local Negro churches, where most lowns hold their freedom rallies,
would not open their doors to the movement. So the Negroes began gathering un-

They met in the dusty clay yard scores
of times to speak their grievances and listen to their leaders. tist Church agreed to hold the mass meetings, the Negroes would march the three or four blocks from the church to the chinaberry tree for a
final song or prayer.
And every demonstration, whether it was an uneventulul march or a rout chinaberry tree, gainst segregated demonstrations aMontgomery Papers Integrated; Mistake Brings Protest in Selma


Employers ...are required to treat color, religion, sex, or nattonal origin. ses of employment . E. P. Wallace, now "editor of branch
 advertising for the Advertsoer-Journal
for 16 years. Grafton Scott Jr, has been for 16 years. Grafton Scott Jr. has been
the sports reporter for three years. Wallace and Scott closed their office Oct. 30 and moved into their new desks.
The switch has served to integrate the The switch has served to integrate the
newspaper's visitors, as well. Local people now bring their items to wal-
lace and Scott downtown, instead of going to the store-front Negro branch. According to Jenkins, the change has
worked very well.
SELMA--The daily newspaper in Selma apparently irritated some of its
readers last week when anembarrassing line of type slipped into its Nov. 18 edition.
The Selma Times-Journal, aneven-
ing paper, often carries a page of news ing paper, often carries a page of news
about Negroes in the edition sold in the Negro sections. On Nov. 18, a line of type with print-
er's instructions was left on the "Negro page," apparently by mistake, Such
lines are usually tossed out before the lines are usually tossed out before the
page is actually printed. The line, under a phot "Nigger page." Last Monday, 65 people demonstrated
outside the Selma Times-Journal's building downtown,
At the height of the 5 p,m. rush hour, adults and youngsters marched and carried signs like "Get Rid of the Nigger
Page" and "Nigger News Is No News."
 "Lookaway, Lookaway"

## Freedom Tree Cut Down



## THE SOUTHERN COURIER Room 622, Frank L.eu Building Phone: (205) 262 .35 72 <br>  dy and dissemination field of human relations. <br> Price: 10 per copy, $\$ 5$ per year in the South, $\$ 10$ per year elsewhere in the U.S. patron subscription $\$ 25$ per year, used to defray the costs of printing and pubit <br>  <br> Editor: Michael S. Lottman <br> Editorial Opinion <br> The Chinaberry Tree

On Nov. 13, Negro demonstrators in Greenville bombarded police and city officials with flying bricks and
bottles. A SOUTHERN COURIER editorial last week said this was "childish and probably criminal." Now the Greenville police have taken the lead in the
childishness contest, by chopping down the people's beloved chinaberry tree. This was a mean and despicable munity. City officials, who say they want anend to the demonstrations, have given Negroes a fresh reason for It is true that throwing bricks and bottles will not bring an end to segregated justice. But there is equal monstrator:

## End Capital Punishment

## Hugh W. Gibert, president of the American Civil Liberties Union of Georgia, recently told a Georgia

 Liberties Union of Georgia, recently told a Georgialegislative committee why his group opposed capital punishment. It was one of the best statements yet of should be made, again and again, until capital punishment is made,
As Gibert pointed out, the death penalty is a cruel and unusual punishment of the type prohibited by the U.S. Constitution.

And it is "the most irreversible." More than once the real murderer or rapist has been discovered af But the worst evil of capital punishment, as Gibert said, is the way it robs the defendant of a fair trial. in a capital case to ask prospective jurors whether the believe in the death penalty. If a juror says he does not, he is automatically excused from serving in the case. tried by a jury with the "killer instinct." A jury should represent a cross-section of the community. But this sort of jury, Gibert said, represents "only the people
favoring capital punishment, who may be in the minority." If jurors do not believe beyond a rea sonable doubt that a defendant is guilty, they are supposed to let him go free. But jurors in a capital case often don't do this. death penalty, guilty without it, and not guilty. So if the promise"--by putting the defendant in prison, usually for the rest of his life.
No defendant--not a white man accused of murder ing a Negro, not a Negro charged with raping a white
woman--should be tried by such a jury, in such an atmosphere. When the death penalty is invoked, justice

## Letters to the Editor



Sermon of the Week Women's Day At Holt St.
 As the song ended, she sald, "That's time religion's all we need---here in
Montgomery, in Birmingham and all over the world,"
But she did, go on to say more, "our
slave fathers," she said, "sang 'rm m slave fathers," she said, "sang "p'm
free at last'", arter the Emancipation
Proclamation in 1863. Proclamation in 1863.
But, she said, "we're still singing for
our freedom in 1965." our freedom in 1965 ,"
She reminded the congregation that they had walked instead of riding segre of "those three little boys over in Phi-
ladelphia," and the all-white jury that of those three litte boys over in Phi-
ladelphia," and the all-white jury that
acquitted Collie Leroy wilkins in acquitted Collie Leroy wilkins in
Hayneville. Mrs. Little said it's not just the whit man that keeps Negroes from.
free---1t's their own human sin. "Let me go, prejudice, let me go, ha-
tred, let me go, slothfuness, let me go, tred, let me go, slothfulness, let me go,
greed, letme go drunkenness," she cried. "The rottenness of our sin is stink-
ing the nostrils of God." ing the nostrils of God,"
Then Mrs. Little turned to the women floor of the church. who filled the ma "What is Your Christian concern?"
she asked. She answered the question herself,
$\qquad$ It's all right to want to look nice, she
said. "But if we could sellall the clothes said, "But if we could sellall the clothes
you"re wearing here today, we could pay

## Speaker


"This beautiful parade passed lots of
nice houses, with people sitting comor nice houses, with people sitting comfor
tably on their porches and not even no

Mongemery -- "We are here to
rganize a defense against the Ku Klux
Klan, white Citizens Council and other
white supremacy groups,"
with that rallying cry, the young leader of a militant Negro youth organizalowers.
His ma
college
His main target was Alabama State
College, a state-supported school with 1,600 Negro students.
John X, a Montgomery native who is
ocal representative for local representative for the Afro-American Movement, said during his visit ed in Montgomery to organize a movement at the college campus. But his cause fell flat at Alabama
State, according to an informal survey of students there.
Many sudents knew nothing about the Many students survey showed. Those
movement, the surs it could not be successful at State be-
because of lack of support. because of lack of suppor
The Afro-American The Afro-American Movement in-
cludes militant Negro youths who be-
lieve, with John $X$, in "tit for tat--or
ot turning the other cheek but hitting not turning the other cheek but hitting To accomplish its

## Symposium


porches across the street.
"Where are the poor
porches across the street.
"Where are the poor
day. They watched that nice parade go
by, bere Thidn't think you wanted them
in here. They know you didn't want them in your churches. They tri
and you pushed them out,"

## Integrated

,
TUSCALOOSA -- "I don't know how
much light I can shed, but $\mp$ can at least add some color," said Arthur Shores as
he began the first int he began the first integrated sympostum
anyone could remember at the University of Alabama.
The symposium, sponsored by the
University's yom University's Young Democrats on Nov 18, examined the role bloc voting play
Shores, a Birmingham lawyer and a
Shores, a Birmingham lawyer and a
leader of the Alabama Democrattc Con-
ference, discussed the Negro vote, and
Barney Weeks, president of the Ala-

## voting of organized labor.

groes have voted primarily with the
Alabama Democratic Party in spite of
The Democratic Party is the only pate," whe said the Negro can particlJefferson countles, Negroes have been mittees.

White-Owned Gadsden Store Hires First Full-Time Negro Employe

self-defense.
The central headquarters is in New other cities around the nation.
Thomas Figures, president of the
student body at Alabama State College, reported that some group on campus had
passed out literature with references passed out itterature with references to
the unification of Negroes with Red Chi" 1 If
group,
res said could not condone it," Figu-
$\qquad$ lerature, but not the group, their purpose, alms and objectives. I really must remain neutral,"
on the self-detense theme of the movement, Figures said, "IIt is good to
keep guard against subversive groups," keep guardagainst subversive groups.",
Roosevelt Harris, president of the
college yearbook, college yearbook, The Hornet, said, "I
won't join it.".
" $H$ it does get started," he saidfur"Ir it does get started," he said fur-
ther, "only a smali minority will join on campus and it will dwindle for lack
of support, as last year's movement did of support, as last year's movement did
$\qquad$ "Negroes today need a more civiliz-
ed organization," he said, "To commit
the same acts to someone because they the same acts to someone because they

## Sclds Malie Aulience <br> Audience

Mellory said Mrs william
good,"
But her criticism, despite the harsh- "really knew her community," includ But her criticism, despite the harsh-
ness of her words, was given in the gen-
tle manner that friends use with each tle manner that friends use with each
other. And nobody in the audience
seemed offended by it. In fact, the audience seemed to agree with most of it.
The audience definitely agreed with dience seemed to agree with most of it. to help.
The audience definititely agreed with
Dr. Mellory's praise for Mrs. Roberta
MACTAD's request for funds to start
Williams, who was president of the MoDr. Mellory's praise for Mrs. Roberta
Williams, who was president of the Mo- $\begin{aligned} & \text { a chool for drop-outs is now being re- } \\ & \text { bile Area Committee for Training and }\end{aligned}$ viewed in Washington. Final approval bile Area committee for Training and
Development (MACTAD), and had directed the plans for the program Sunday $\begin{aligned} & \text { Dr. Mellory said that when the schoo } \\ & \text { atternoon. Mrs. Williams died early } \\ & \text { Supened, it would give poor people in this }\end{aligned}$
Sunday morning
 She had worked closely with Dr. Mel-
lory during the past few months, trying to get federal money for a school in Mo-
bile to train high-school drop-outs and $\begin{array}{ll}\text { bile to train high-school drop-outs and } & \text { just going hungry. But this is not enough. } \\ \text { other people without the skills to holda } \\ \text { good job. } & \begin{array}{l}\text { People don't want that kind of favor. } \\ \text { They want an opportunity." }\end{array}\end{array} . \begin{array}{ll}\end{array}$

 partment store last week became th to
first white-owned store in Gadsden to
hirst white-ownes clerk,
But four other stores may face a Negro boycott for falling to meet the de-
mands of the Equal Employment Commands of the Equal Employment Com-
mittee, a group of Negro ministers and
mittee, a
laymen.
The committee has been negotiating with several store managers for two months in an effort to have Negreesinr
ed as clerks. The first The first success came last Friday, work at J. C. Penney, one of the larges stores in the city. her own, and had been told that she would be called if needed. At a meeting with the Equal Employment Committee, a re-
presentative of the storeagreedto make the call.
Only one other store has agreed to
hire a Negro clerk. Sears Roebuck \& Co. has told a Negro he will be hired a a a permanent employe, but the company
has not yet said when he will begin workThe committee has sald it wants, ineplanning a boycott to back up the demands. have large numbers of Negro custostores three of them are independent roes at all.
The fourth, w, T, Grant Co., said it The fourth, W. T. Grant Co., said it
would hire Negroes as temporary help during the holiday season. But a leaflet now being circulated by clares, "It is wrong to take a people's weeks a year.'
The committee has asked Clty Hall our stores the Monday after Thanks giving.
A spol
fidently predicted that few, Ifany, Negroes will cross the picket line. He said his prediction was based on what hap-
pened when Negroes bert's grocery store.
hire Negroes. Last summer Negroe put a picket line out front, and said it would stay there until the store made "really knew her community," includthe labor department had been very impressed with the way MACTAD's lead-
ers had reached the people they wanted "The welfare state," she said, "chas
been wonderful in keeping people from

| Who says | levision network. |
| :---: | :---: |
| go to school? <br> With a flick of the television dial, you |  |
| can bring school into your home |  |
| The educational TV station in | alabama hist |
|  | "Birmingham, The Magic |
| tion and Division" ( |  |
| hursday) to "Puff Pa | TOMORROW'S MA |
| hursday) and" The Human |  |
| ing" (7 p.m. Monday). Educational televisio | 6:30 p.m. What's |
| of entertainment for children and a-dults, and--perhaps best of allo-no |  |
|  |  |
| work of educational stations. Only a few |  |
| areas of the state are without the bene- |  |
| fits of an ETV channel | alabama histo Seaport City," 11:15 |
| see educational TV on Channel 10 ; in Montgomery, on Channel 26; in the An-niston-Gadsden area, on Channel 7; in | educational re |
|  |  |
|  | Worthy Home Living," at 7 p.m. Wednesday. |
| the wiregrass area, on Channel 2; in aboUT PETS-- Sho Mobile, on Channel 42 , and around and again at 3:30 |  |
| Mobile, on Channel 42, and around and a Huntsville, on Channel 25: <br> Notice that the call letters of each |  |
| Notice that the call letters of each station end with "IQ," like WBIQ in |  |
| Birmingham. The same shows appear on all ETV channels at the same time. |  |
|  | Programs are presented by the Ala- |
| bama Educational Television Commis- |  |
| help | FRIDAY, dec |
| nn | CREA |
|  |  |


. UNLESS YOU KNEW THE
CIRCUS HAD COME TO TOWN.

the clowns were a high point of the show.

did you ever talk with a real clown

## The Movement Comes to



The Confederate Monument in Clayton by mary ellen gale
BARBOUR COUNTY --They tell a story here about Governor Wallace and the civil rights workers. This is the way it goes The civil rights workers went over to the county courthouse in Clayton, the governor's home town, one day late in August. s usual, they brought along a few friends to register and vote the towering Confederatemonument. In the car sat Governor Wallace. the old monument " "We Do Not Forget.
By turning his head the other wa, glass doors of the new courthouse
"The governor sat mere, caught between "That's the best-dressed
workers I've ever seen," git.
gil. the rove If the governor had looked a little more
closely, he might have seen white supremacy crumbling in his home county
1,914 new Negro voters registered in Barbour County from Aug. 16 through Nov. 19
${ }^{\text {ty }}$ Barbour Cor Barbour County combines with Bullock and
Macon counties to form the Alabama's 31st state House district. The district has more Ne state House district. The district has more Ne-
groes than whites. If enough Negroes register and vote, the district next year may have the honor of elect is
resentacive.
Should that happen, the Confederate monu-
mint in Clayton and the way of life it reprosent in Clay ton and the cay of life it repre-
sens would begin to lose their influence sens would begin to lose their influence.
But the monument, and segregation in Bar $\begin{aligned} & \text { But the monument, and segregation in Bar- } \\ & \text { bour County, may not be in quite so much dan- }\end{aligned}$ bour County, may not be
ger as they ought to be.
SCLC and SNCC representatives in the
county have split over methods and personalicounty have split over methods and personalities. The widening rift and the growing rival-
ry could destroy Barbour County res civil ry could destroy Barbour County's civil
rights movement despite its strong start las summer.
SCLC brought civil rights to Barbour Conn-
ty on June 22. The day before, Eufaula was a ty on June 22. The day before, Eufaula was a
sleepy little town on the Georgia border sleepy lite
minding its own segregated business as it had done for well over a century. The folders the Chamber of Commerce put out called it "Eu-
faula--a Fine Quiet Southern Community."

and future, all afternoon. At last, he said white college kids from up North, descended on the town. The white citizens of Eufaula
didn't like them any better than a cotton farm er likes weevils.
But the Negro citizens were delighted, John Kelly Jr., president of a Negro group called the Barbour County Improvement Associa-
tion, had found Negro homes where the SCOPE ton, had found Negro homes where the SCOP
workers were welcome guests for the sum
Ter. The Eufaula Baptist Academy, a Negro school, donated its hall for meetings. An old
house on the bluff where many of Eufaular s Nehouse one live became the Freedom House
gross SCOPE began its mission of voter regis-
ration and ration and political education by holding mass
meetings led by the Rev meetings led by the Rev. Larry Butler, a
Quaker lay preacher fresh out of college in Quaker lay preacher fr
northern Pennsylvania.
"My motivation is religious," said Butler He also said he thinks the Barbour County
movement has been successful movement has been successful because it is
religiously based religiously based
Butler, who talks hip interrupted by sudden
flashes of earnestness, brought all his charm and sincerity to bear on his new Negrofriends in Eufaula, in Clayton and out in the county Pretty soon there was a Barbour County Vo
tors League, with an active branch in tels League, with an active branch in Eufaula,
Two months later, there was singing in the Two months later, there was singing in th
streets. There were marches and arrests. And there were pickets carrying signs that
said things like said things like, "Eufaula -- A Fine Quiet Southern Community -- If You're White." voting Rights Act was passed in early Aug ut, registering Negroes to vote was a backbreaking, heart-breaking process "Wed get 200 down to the courthouse, and maybe 20 would pass," Butler said. "The re
gistrais would process about 90 to But many of Barbour County's Negro citzens showed sturdy determination, one man in his 70 's sat in the courthouse from 9 aam. to
$4: 30$ pom. working on the literacy test, He passed it, working on the literacy lest, he And when the voting rights law came
through, 500 Negroes swamped the registhrough, 500 Negroes swamped the regis-
trans the next day they came to trans the next day they came to Eufaula.
When SCOPE lifted its official ban on deWhen SCOPE lifted its official ban on de-
monstrations at the end of the summer, Ne gross marched in the streets of Eufaula and Clayton. They asked Eufaula to hire some Negro policemen. They asked the county to add officials promised they would.
The Voters League, not yet two months old, looked like a success.
Governor Wallace's home county seemed to
be taking integration as good children take be taking integration as good children take medicine, reluctantly but without argument
That's what it looked like if you didn't loo too closely. But there were signs that the county's long-entrenched segregationists were not planning to give up their privily

## Wallace's Home

Several Negroes who demonstrated lost
their jobs. others were attacked and beat${ }^{\text {en }}$ on registration days a standard-sized American flag flew over the courthouse in Eu-
paula, But other days it was Paula, But other days it was often replaced
by a Confederate flag as large as a doublebed sheet.
A young white couple who attended a few Negro mass meetings at the Baptist Academy
were evicted from their were evicted from their home, and even-
tually left town. A white man, who couldtually left town. A white man, who could-
$n^{n} t$ resist talking with SCOPE workers who lived near his store, one night found himself trying to explain his new friends to a pair of burly Klansmen from Abbeville.
Eufaula's genial mayor, E. H. (Hap) before him 30 years ago, didn't see any need to get upset.
"We've never had any race problem here," he said. "But this civil rights raises and-
mosity. Southerners are funny people. They mosity. Southerners are
dint like to be pushed ", That was how things stood when Scott B.
Smith, a SNCC worker with four and a half Smith, a $\operatorname{SNCC}$ worker with four and a half
years experience as a civil rights organiyears experience as a civil rights organizer, arrived on the scene.
Smith wears a bone on a
Smith wears a bone on a string around his
neck to symbolize the need for Negro unity and, he said, white cooperation. In the Bible,
he explained, "Ezekiel got the bones toehe explained, "Ezekiel got the bones loge-
there, All that's left in the South is the bones of brotherly love, $\mathrm{I}^{\prime} \mathrm{m}$ trying to get them to-
gether."
But a lot of the Barbour County Voters
League's most active members think Smith arrived with a chip on his shoulder as well as a bone around his neck.
Mrs. Bertha White, treasurer of the Voters League, said Smith didn't give SCLC credit for what it had done.
came," she said, "We always talked about it over the fence, but we didn't know what to do. They showed us how we could get together, get the vote, and get something to live on,
"Rev, Butler read us the Bible and taught us nonviolence. It was right.
"Then Scotty came. He wanted to take over. He kept saying we could do things ourselves,
we didn't need whites. He liked violence. we didn't need whites. He liked violence. He
wanted to tear the town up like Birmingham. wanted to tear the town up like Birmingham.
We don't want nothing like that here. We know We don't want nothing like that here. We know
there are white people here that will help us." Smith said he had a reason for being so critical. "If I came in that town quietly," he said,
"I might as well forget it. I had to get people "I might as well forget it, I had t,
interested in what I had to say,"
As it turned out, Smith got the undivided at-
tension of a crowd of whites and Negroes tention of a crowd of whites and Negroes
shortly after he came. He was speaking from shortly after he came. He was speaking from
the steps of the Eufaula courthouse at a dethe steps of the Eufaula court house
monstration cosponsored by SNCC and
SCI
But Smith never got a chance to finish. Smith and six other demonstrators, including SCOPE workers and local Negro leaders, were arrested and jailed for refusing to leave
the courthouse steps.
A few days later, they were tried 'without
a lawyer, according to Butler), convicted, an a lawyer, according to Butler), convicted, and
sentenced. Before they could get out of jail on appeal, the Barbour County jail in Clayton began to fill up around them.
turned out for the biggest demonstrations turned out for the biggest demonstrations of
the summer in Barbour County. They staged
a sit-in in front of the Eufaula courthouse

Mayor Graves said he didn't want to arrest
any of the demonstrators, especially not the children,
"I had no choice," he said, "We even took them in, warned them and let them out the back door--and they w,
Demonstrators under 16 were taken to the National Guard Armory. Those over 16--more han 70 --spent three in Union Springs.
ding, except the last night they gave us each thin quilt," said Miss Louise Slater, 17 . "There was sand and roaches in our greens." Civil rights activity increased after the ar-
rests. Teen-age members of the Voters rests. Teenage members of the Voters four members each.
"Were ready to to are arrested at a moment's notice," said Jasper Snipes, chairman. They restaurants, and succeeded in all but one. On Sept. 24 students from T. v. McCoo, the Negro high school in Eutaula, staged a a demonstration at the Friday night foot-
ball game. They were protesting poor equipball game. They were protesting poor equip-
mint at the school. the SNCC workers and Barbour County's Ne-
gro citizens face several complicated chat-


SNCC Worker Scott B. Smith (left) chats with Mike Bibler (center) and John Davis (right) of SC LC The peaceful demonstration erupted into violence after police arrested some of the de-
monstrators and two people were hurt monstrators and two people were hurt, one of
them seriously. Suddenly, the air was full of bricks, bottles and tear gas, Students smashed windows and damaged school equipment. All this time, SNCC and SCLC had pro-
served an uneasy partnership, But after the riot at the football game, they split, The incident that triggered the split is not especially important. What is important is that representatives of the two groups in Bar-
bour county say they cannot and will not work together.
Both Sm is disagreement does not concern goals, Both Smith and Butler are interested in getting
'How Not to Desegregate the Schools .-Without Really Trying,
lenges.
Althou
Although 2,525 county Negroes are now reglistered voters, census figures indicate a
least another 2,000 eligibibe,but unregistered
With With 7,500 whites on the voting lists, the Negroes need every vote they can get, And voter registration is only the end of
the beginning. Political organization, more the beginning. Political organization, more
and better jobs, school integration and omprovement, and equal justice under the lawthese are some of the goals remaining. Barbour County's civil rights movement, which began in ago, has entered a rainy season. The novel-
ty is gone, but the problems linger on, It ty is gone, but the problems linger on. It
will take a determined, unified effort to solve
ic footing. They both would like to establish a dialogue with the white community.
They both believe that the county must--and They both believe that the county must--and point where civil rights can progress long after SCLC and SNCC are gone. But they disagree on method, Butler
preaches and practices non-violence. Smith says, "Teach non-violence to the Klan mem-
Butler thinks the barbour County Voters Butter unis the barbour county Voters
League, under its energetic president, Mrs. League, under its energetic president, Mrs. movement, Smith believes that an efficient,
disciplined, professional disciplined, professional organization is the
county's first need. county's first need Ter and the SCLC project, which has containned after the summer even though many SCOPE workers returned to college.
Smith and another SNCC worker return Smith and another SNCC worker returned
to their base in Clayton and worked in the rurat sections of the county.

Butler probably will leave next month, but SCLC workers who share many of his feelings plan to stay in the county. They and
.
(

Eufaula High School Is Still All-White

## by mary ellen gale

EUFAULA -- You could write a pretty funny play about Eufaula's public school sysrem. It would be called: "How Not to Desegregate the Schools Without Really Trying.'
Then you could subtitle it, '--And Still Get Approval from the Federal GovernTent.'
The first scene would open in the office of $\mathrm{O} . \mathrm{B}$. Carter, superintendent of the Eufaula Public Schools, last May. Carter U. S. Department of Health, Education and Weifare for a "freedom of choice" plan to desegregate grades
ember, 1965 .
He orders application slips given to every one of Eufaula's schoolchildren who will be entering one of these grades. And he says the forms
should be sent home to all parents of
at or
Scene Two takes place in the office of Bryant Foster, principal of the Negro T. V. Mc Coo High School. He and the Rev. E. M. White, principal of the Negro elementary school, are shaking by Eufaula's Negro children.
Only one parent wants her first grader to attend the white elementary school. No seventh graders have responded, And only four Negro
high school students want to attend all-white high school students want to attend all-white
Eufaula High School. That's the end of Act One Act Two opens on a stage wreathed in mist. That is supposed to show that everything that happens in Act Two is confusing. And it is.
Some T. V. McCoo students are complaining that their principal, Foster, has tried to ing that their principal, Foster, has tried to
talk them out of applying to the white school. on another part of the stage, the one Negro parent who wanted her daughter to start first
grade at the white school is withdrawing her application. She explains that members of her family have heard they will lose their jobs if the child goes to the white school. The scene switches back to the four Negro
high school students who applied to the white

school. Now they are saying they dent school. Now they are saying they dort want
to go, anyway. They say it will be too hard, and they wont have any friends. The next scene takes place in the office of
Superintendent Carter. He is s trying to convince Superintendent Carter. He is tryinin to convince
some Negro students to attend the white some Negro students to attend the white
schools, He says the white students are proschools. He says the
pared to accept them,
Across the stage, the lights turn on the scLC
Freedom House. The Rev. Larry Butler SCLC
 director in Barbour county, 1 , telling the stu-
dents that tour is too few to tontegrate the white schools, He says no Negroes should go to the white high school unless a large number go.
uverer not interested in tokenism, "WHere not interested in tokenism," he says. As the final act opens, Principals white and Foster e and superintendent carter are reminding everybody that the efeeraral government
has approved the e the's dextran has approved the city's dessrregation plan.
The say the school system has applied for its They say the sc.
federal money.
The last scene shows the four Eufaula schools opening for classes in September, 1965. At two
of the schools, all the students are Negro, At the of the schools, all the students are Negro. At the
other two, all the students are white.






SCLC Leader Fined For Improper Muffler

EUFAULA -- Eddie James Sanders, an SCLC worker, spent last weekend in all after he was arrested Friday for
having an improper muffler on his car. Sanders, assistant project director for Southeast Alabama, had been using
the car all week to carry Negroes to the the car all week to carry Negroes to the
Eufaula Courthouse for voter registra$\underset{\text { He wa }}{\text { tion. }}$ He was tried, convicted, and fined $\$ 6$
Monday afternoon in the same court room where 489 Negroes registered to vote the week before.
While he was in jail, from 5 p.m. Friworkers staged a round-the-clock picket outside the courthouse. They said
they were protesting Sanders' arrest and demanding equal justice. the Rev. Larry Butler, SCLC director in Barbour County. "A man shouldn't be harassed by the police for trying to help people register to ovte,"
"It's a matter of law," said Eufaula police chief J. G. Abbott. He pointed out that Sanders refused to sign his
traffic ticket as required by Eufaula traffic ticket as reyuired by Eufaula "We can't let people violate the law "We're not doing him more than anyone else. We have no reason to. We'd do just the same if he were white",
At his trial, Sanders turned down the court's offer to appoint an attorney for him. Instead, he conducted his own de-
fense with help from Mayor E. H. fense with help from Mayo
Graves, the presiding judge. ders' car, said the police stopped the auto on the Dothan Highway. He testified that Sergeant Van Pelham got into the car and " "mashed the accelt made a loud noise, He got out, looked nder the car and said, 'It's the muf-
THINK

## AND

GRIN
young white family moved from Birmingham to Detroit, Mich, When it came time for the six-year-old daugh-
ter to enter school, the mother wonderter to enter school, the mother wonder-
ed whether she should say anything to her daughter about her new integrated school.
Finally, the mother decided to say no-
thing about it, and to let her daygter find out on her own
When the little girl returned from school the first day, her mother was anxious to find out how things went. The
girl said everything was fine girl said everything was fine.
" But what about lunch? eat with?" asked the mother. "I sat all alone
said the daughter. "Why girl!" the Why did you do that?" ured you didn't want me sitting with all hose Yankees.
Sentry: Halt, who's there
Voice: An American, Sentr: Advance and recite the second
verse of the "Star Spangled Banner," Voice: I don't know it.
Sentry. Proceed, American.

Ken: Pll have you know I'm a selfmade man.
Len: If your
Len: If you ask me, you knocked of
work too soon.

Ed: The doctor put me on a garlic Ned; Did you lose anything?
Ed: Plenty of friends Ed: Plenty of friends.
will hold its regular business mesting Tuesday, Nov. 30 , at $7 \mathrm{p}, \mathrm{m}$, at the
Christian Benevolent Hall on Magazine Street--Dental clinic and free lunches will be discussed.
Marion-Kay Pure Vanilla and Pure Granulated Black Pepper for sale by
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COMMITTEE For prompt delivery phone 759-5247


背战


Selma's Whites Told of Danger

> BY EDWARD M. RUDD

SELMA--White folks have their mas meetings too. Just as at a Negro mass
meeting, someone can walk in any tim and the next word he'll probably hear is

## "Freedom."

Snce most of the white businessmen doctors, lawyers, and ministers a dom, the big concern is how to protec it from the threat of the "Communist in spired,
ment,
The Committee for Better Understanding in Selma held a meeting last
week in the National Guard Armory A banner across Broad Street said the speaker, w. Cleon Skousen, was an authority on communism and civil disobe-
dience. dience.
Skousen is a former FBI agent who now informs the public on what he calls the Communist threat in America. A leaflet announcing the meeting saic his "best selling book, 'The Naked
Communist,' is quickly becoming a 'classic' in its field, a standard refer ence book and study textbook."
door.
vague at these of meetings. well know leaders and organizations are loosely called Communist and Socialist. "Communists" usually include
bearded beatniks and civil rights workbearded e eatniks and civil rights work-
ers. The Rev. Martin Luther King Jr. is a favorite target.
President Johnson seems to be the
leader of the cssocialist" leader of the "Socialist" camp, which he has chosen to call the Great Society. It is said that he is
Supreme Court. Skousen lump Skousen lumped both "Communists"
and "Socialists" into one "motle a ideologicals" into one "motley mass degeneracy," "The two groups are identical," said Skousen, ". . . leaving some room in be-
tween for prostitutes, drunks and some
Parade Goes
CAMDEN--All-Negro Camden Academy's annual homecoming parade wen
on as scheduled last week, despite an attempt by civil rights leaders to halt

## Albert Gordon, vice president of Wil-

 cox County SCLC, said, "Ii the parade goes on, white people here will think weare satisfied with the way we are being are satis
treated,"
Gordon and John Cook, SCLC county president, met with Camden Academy principal James Hobbs before the parade. They tried topersuade him to call
it off, or to keep it off city streets. "The time isn't right," Gordon told Hobbs.
But But Hobbs defended the parade.
This is a school project," he sald

## FOOD SPECLALS <br> B\&P Super Market <br> The People's Store <br> Griffin Ave, at Broad St. -Selma, Al4. <br> <br> TOP 14 <br> <br> TOP 14 from 1400 Radio

 from 1400 Radio}| 1. BIACK NIGHT-- | 8. PM SO Thankf Ul-- |
| :---: | :---: |
| Lowell Folsum (Kent) | The ike-ettes (Modern) |
| 2. Hole in the wali -- | 9. DON'T FIGHT IT-- |
| The Packers (Puresoul) | Wilson Pickett (Atlantı |
| 3. STAY AWAY FROM MY BABY -Ted Taylor (Okeh) | 10. RAINBOWS-- <br> Gene Chandler (Const, |
| 4. HANG ON SLIOOPY -- | 11. BROKEN PROMISES-- |
| R Ramsey L.ewis (Cadet) | BB King (Kent) |
| 5. I GOT YOU (I FEEL GOOD)-- James Brown (King) | 12. C.C. RIDFR-Bobby Powell (Whit) |
| 6. I DON'T KNOW What you've | 13. I HEAR A SYMPhon |
| GOT--Little Richard (Vee Jay) | The Supremes (Motown) |
| 7. LOVERS CONCERTO-- | 14. SEE SAW-- |
| The Toys (Dynavoice) | Don Covay (Atlantic |

WJLD--WJLN-FM in Birmingham

## Negro Cleared of Rape

## Selma Cases <br> \section*{SELMA -- Legally, it 's justa routine} <br> All - White Jury Acquits Youth

 makes it so deadly serious. Twelve young Negro med some time in December on charges $f$ having sexual relations with a girl hace possible death penalties, and they nimum of ten years in prison.
Two other men face trial on charges of knowing the same girl carnally after maximum penalty of ten years in with all 14 men are now free on $\$, 000$ and 2,000 bonds.
Lawyers have said that routine carnal
knowledge charges knowledge charges against Negroes are ard to fight in Alabama trial courts. might have death penalties hanging over heir heads for years while their cases Very little lawyers say.
Very little is known about how the men
on 0
ory of venereal disease, appeared he-
lore a Dallas County judge and was sent
way to a reformatory.
Parents of the men said that late that
night, Sheriff Jim Clark's night, Sheriff Jim Clark's deputies
came to their homes looking for their
sons. "The sheriff was laughing," said one
nother, "so that I didn't think it was It was ten minutes after
one parent heard the knock of sheriff's
"I was in bed "
"when the sheriff came this parent, wanted to take my son for a little investigation and get a little mess straightned out, He said it in's't nothing to worabout and helll be right back."
Some parents said they never saw the Some parents said they never saw the said one of the arrested men was sent ap on to their porches to bring their sons

## On in Camden

```
It has nothing to do with interfering
with civil rights. The students votedu-
``` nanimously to have the parade, so we nanimous
did."
He sai
He said he didn't think white people
would get the impress were satisfied impression that Negroes
"we held a parade last year, andater that had the worst year ever (in race er that had the worst year ever (in race
elations)."

FLORENCE -- An all-white jury last week freed a egro man charged with the rape of a white woman The jury took 90 minutes to arrive at the not-guilverdict on Nov. 17.
People in the community could not remember the las time a Negro was cleared of such a charge.

Alexander Boddie, 24 , the defendant, was accused of rape by the white woma last July, after being arrested in Florence on another charge.
The 38 -year-old woman testified last week that the alleged The 38 -year-old woman testified last week that the alleged attack happened in She said she would "stake her life" on her belief that She sald
raped her.
Boddie testified that he hadnever seen his accuser until they met in the court
His court-appointed lawyer, E.B. Haltom Jr., argued that the woman could no His court-appointed lawyer, E. B. Haltom Jr., argued that the woman could no he rape allegedly occurred.
Deputy Solicitor Luverne Tate argued the state's case before Circuit Judge Em-
mett
. mett \(N\). Roden,
Tate said the
Tate said the woman had had numerous chances in the 13 -month period to idenify someone eas her attacker. But she did so, said Tate, only when she saw Boddie
Boddie had earlier pleaded guilty toa separate charge of first-degree burglary He was sentenced to 12 years in prison on that charge.
Haltom said after the rape trial, "It is reassuring to know that the jury decided
the case on the basis of the law, and decided for the defendant when it had a rea the case on the
sonable doubt."

\section*{Phenix City Demands}

\section*{by mary ellen gale}

PHENIX CITY -- A new Negro or-
ganization this week asked the City ganization this week asked the City
Commission to hire four Negropolicemen immediately.
Four members of the Phenix City
Betterment Associationattended Betterment Association attended the ci-
ty commissioners' ty commissioners' weekly meeting
Tuesday to make the request,

Arthur Sumbry, PCBA president,
charged that Phenix City is "lagging behind other cities of
"It's time to catch up," he told Ma-
yor John W. Barbee and Commissioners John M. Anthony Jr. and Lee Lott.
"Arthur," Mayor "Arthur," Mayor Barbee replied,
"the City Commission does not di"the City Commission does not died and certified by the Civil Service
The mayor did not mention that he is
chairman of the Civil Service Board, and that the city commission has the nal decision on hiring.
"We will consider
gest you take this
cial committee."
After the commissioners' meeting, Sumbry said he would speak to the Civil Service Board and to the bi-racial
committee, an advisory group with no official powers.
"II that don't work," Sumbry said, "we're going to picket city Hall. We know who really does the hiring."
After the commissioners' meeting, Mayor Barbee said the city police force had 25 or 30 white policemen and no va-
hire anybody just for the sake of hiring hire anybody just for the sake or hiring
them," he said. "I don't think we should."

But Nathaniel Gosha, PCBA vice president, said he overheard the police
chief complaining about a shortage of men just two weeks ago---nearly three months after the first Negro completed an application for the police force The mayor said only one Negro has applied to the police force. Gosha said
at least three more Negress will sion "We will consider your request as a

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Cabbies' Main Gripe Is Arguments Over Fares

MONTGOMERY--Local taxi drivers assengers who argue about the But the drivers questioned in a survey last week, had other complaints as well. Sylvester Goodson, of Dependable
Cab Co said his two main ripes were "argument concerning fares and drinking passengers." Richard Stovall (New Deal Cab (o.) agreed.
ver E.M. Burnett:
"Two things that bother me mostare the passenger asking how long I have been driving cabs, and telling me the di-
rection in which to go to their destina
tion.,"
Joseph Smith, of People's Cab Co. had two other pet peeves--people who and people who " misload." Misloading means getting another cab or catcluing ride with a friend.
Misloading was a gripe for James Scott (Scott Taxi Service) as were "pas
sengers giving mea large bill after the reach their destination and not telling me when they get in."
Havard Bogan of Lane Cab Co., complained about "the passenger grumbling calling back and hurrying the driver b H. Barnes (Good Service Cab Co.), added this one: "Wanting the driver to cut across to he will get a ticket" "I don"t have but one complaint," said Willie Brown, of Town Service Cab Co.

\section*{Colleges}

BY OLAF O. MCJUNKINS JR.
AND MICHAEL S. LOTTMAN MONTGOMERY--Tus MONTGOMERY--Tus their 7-2 record on the line Thanksgiving Day in Cramton Bowl when they met their arch - rival, Alabama State, in football's Dixie Classic.
This Saturday, in another great Ala-
bama rivalry, Alabama and Auburn will fight it out for the Southeastern Conference championship at Birmingham's Legion Field.
The Tuske
pected to beg a battle of explosive offenses. The Tiger attack featured senior quarterback Howard Miller throwing to
ends Edward Osby and James Green. Osby earlier this year caught 12 passes
in the game with lege.
Tuske
Tuskegee running back Lindorf
Blakely, a 150 -pound speedster, was leading the nation in punt returns witha leading the nation in punt returns with a
37 -yard average. Alabama State (5-4) rode its pro-type
offense to a \(62-0\) win over Lane College of Tennessee last Saturday. Offensive stars for the Hornets this season included soph quarterback Charles Mit-
chell, flanker william Evans, halfback chell, flanker william Evans, halfback
Gene Blanchard and tight end Grant Clark.
Tuskegee's defensive line of willie Negro in U \begin{tabular}{c} 
CHAPTER SIX \\
\hline
\end{tabular} ABOLITINNISTS DIDN'T WIN much in those years and Douglass became
discouraged. He planned to visit Haiti. He thought about having Negroes move to the island in large numbers. Always before he had opposed such movements.
He said America was the black man's home now and this was wherehe should stay. Just as Douglass was about to leave for Haiti, the Civil War broke
out, "God be praised"" cried Douglass out, "God be praised!" cried Douglass
when he heard the news. when he heard the news.
President Lincoln had not yet said
whether he was for or against slavery. Some of the states that had slavery were still with the Union, They were called border states. Lincoin was arraid they
would join the Confederates if he said he was against slavery, Douglass and the abolitionists worked hard to educate the country and Lincoln. They tried to show that the war had to end slavery.
Douglass even personally visited Lin- Passengers wanting drivers to cut


Six cabie Sewer arguments aght free would had meters. Stovall said passengers could look at the meter and see what the fare is, and there would be no ar"ument,"
Three others disagreed, Said Scott "I drove a cab with a meter, and there
was more arguments, because most of was more arguments, because most of
the times the meter would register (Next week: Passengers' pet peeves
about cabs and drivers.)

\section*{MOBILE HOSPITAL} (CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE) perty oinners, the Citizens Council, a

\section*{A Nogro man said the federal govern-} o ciosc simply couldn't allow the hospita without medical services. if the amend-
ment failed, he said, the government ment failed, he said, the governme
would either pay to keep Mobile General open or would see that Negroes go haven't been welcome before. sure the federal government would step n. They feel that raggedy Mobile Gene-


And they trust that conditions will im ew building thespital moves into it new building, which could have been oc cupied many months ago, except for the

led State's defense.
University of Alabama, led by quar terback Steve Sloan and center Pau Crane, brings a \(7-1-1\) record into the big game Saturday.
Auburn lost three early non-conference games, but has since built its record to a respectable 5-3-1. Ex-quarterback Tom Bryan has been the mos switch to fullback two games ago. Most of the other Alabama teams hav
.S. History
coln to put pressure on him. But
Lincoln wanted to go slow. At one time Lincoln wanted to go slow. At one time
he even suggested that the border states should end slavery by 1900 ! But the Union needed Negroes to fight.
It was this needd It was this need, more thanneblief in the rights of man, that ended siavery. Lin
coln issued the Proclamation of Emancipation on New Year's Day in 1863. Whatever the reason, the abolitionists were joyful. They had finally won free-
dom. dom.
was busy getting Negroes to ojoin the ar was busy getting Negroes to oin the ar-
my. Until his death in 1895, Frederick Douglass remained a fighter for Negr
rights. He did all that he could to make the dream of freedom real for allblack people.
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\section*{pled Miles College of Birmingham 44 to Nonetheless, the team had its stand} in their traditional wind-up a week \(\begin{gathered}\text { Nonetheless, the team had its stand- } \\ \text { outs. They included sophomore quar- }\end{gathered}\)
 The win gave A\&M a reasonably good the long bomb), fullback John Thompson
-4 season record, but coach Louis
and linemen Alfred Collins, Herman Crews wasn't very happy. "It's the (Looney) Harris, Richard Kater, and worst season \(\mathrm{P}^{\text {ver }}\) ever had here," he Cleophus Beavers.

Eufaula Trial (CONTINUED FROM PAGE FIVE)
One of A\& M's sest performances this
"Il came in a losing cause The Hunts- "I object," shouted Pelham, leaping all came in a losing cause. The Hunts\(A \& M, 28\) to 14 , but, said Crews, "We vere in it all the way. Their last touch- "I instruct you to sit down," Judge Gawn came with 19 seconds left." ders and saidd, "And I Instruct to San-
Sophomore quarterback orlando He turned to larred for Alabama \(A \& M\). He threw make a speech. That is not what weare
 ast straw in a season that included no the picketing of conducted by SCLC and the was also clobbered by Tuskegee, 33 to \(\begin{gathered}\text { Barbour County Voters League. } \\ \text { "One man pulled a gun," he said }\end{gathered}\)

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